





KERICHO COUNTY CLIMATE CHANGE ACTION PLAN (KCCAP) 2023 – 2027









FOREWORD



Kericho County's economy is highly reliant on its natural resource base and is therefore vulnerable to climate variability and change. Scientific evidence demonstrates that the climate in the County is changing at a rapid rate, outside the range to which society has adapted in the past. These changes can pose significant challenges to our County's ability to fulfil its mission.

The County must adapt to climate variability if we are to achieve our socio-economic progress. It is in this regard that the County Government in collaboration with

National Treasury with financial support of the World Bank and other development partners through the Financing Locally-Led Climate Change Action (FLLoCA) program has prepared the Kericho County Climate Change Action Plan (KCCCAP).

To prepare KCCCAP, the County Government of Kericho commissioned a Technical Working Group (TWG) and a consultant to undertake a countywide stakeholder process involving ward, subcounty and county and sector level consultations. The Plan is informed by a Participatory Climate Risk Assessment (PCRA) report and peer-reviewed scientific data to identify the levels of vulnerability faced by different segments of our communities at present and in the future.

The KCCCAP and the proposed actions inform climate actions in alignment with our development blueprint-the County Integrated Development Plan (CIDP) 2023-2027. The CIDP is a critical document in the mainstreaming of climate change actions during this immediate development period.

The climate is changing, and so should we. It is business unusual, so let us roll up our sleeves and work together towards a greener, safer and more resilient County!

H.E. DR. ERICK K. MUTAI, PHD GOVERNOR, KERICHO COUNTY

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



The County Government of Kericho wishes to acknowledge the enormous support, vision and guidance by H.E. the Governor, Dr. Erick K. Mutai (PhD) in the preparation of Kericho's first County Climate Change Plan (KCCAP). The Plan provides a framework through which the County will mainstream climate change in key sectors of the economy, provide adaptation mechanisms and assist our community in climate resilience.

We acknowledge the Climate Change Unit and the Department of Water, Energy, Environment, Forestry and Natural Resources staff for their tireless effort in engaging stakeholders from the ward up to the County Assembly in instituting the initial legislation and establishing the institutional framework for climate change adaptation. This has created a platform of action not only for individual climate projects, but a long-term program of action, so essential for addressing climate change impacts. We thank the Technical Working Group (TWG) for their role in preparing both the Kericho County Climate Change Action Plan (KCCCAP). The TWG was central in facilitating ward-level data collection which brought local insight, perspective and therefore relevance to the process.

We are especially grateful to the lead Consultant, Sustainability & Resilience Think LLP who trained the Technical Working Group, guided the team on the methodology and led the data collection for participatory ward and subcounty consultations and led the drafting of the final KCCCAP report. We acknowledge the invaluable input from the Kenya Meteorological Department, other state and non-state actors for creating time to review and align data on hazards, drawing on their technical skills and building on insight from the County Integrated Development Plan (CIDP), 2023-2027.

We sincerely thank the local communities represented by the Ward Climate Change Planning Committees in all thirty wards of Kericho County, who volunteered their time to participate and share their personal experience with climate change. They provided insight on vulnerabilities, available local resources, and priority adaptation measures. Without the community, this CCAP would not have been possible. We look forward to joining hands with you all on the challenging and exciting journey of implementing the KCCAP.

HON. ROSEMARY ROP
CEC FOR WATER, ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

THE CCAP TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP

The Kericho County Climate Change Action Plan (KCCAP) was steered by a formally appointed multi-sectoral and multi-disciplinary Technical Working Group (TWG). The TWG members were drawn from key Departments in the County Government and National Government and included the following members:

| S/NO. | OFFICER NAME | DESIGNATION |
|-------|------------------|--|
| 1. | Daudi Kitur | Director, Environment & Climate Change |
| 2. | Andrew Lasoi | Director, Water |
| 3 | Elijah Mutai | Director, Agriculture |
| 3. | Joseph Mogere | Director, Education |
| 4. | Fernandez Korir | Chief Accountant |
| 5. | Nancy Chemutai | Senior Economist |
| 6. | Jemima Kamau | Deputy County Public Health Officer |
| 7. | Michal Cheruiyot | Director, Livestock |
| 8. | Betsy Mesis | Director, Social Service |
| 9. | Victor Siele | Director, Transport |
| 10. | Irine Ngeno | Director, Youth Affairs |
| 11. | Constance Okuku | County Meteorology Director |
| 12. | Jonathan Mutai | Head of Administration & Public Service Management |
| 13. | Lawrence Ngeno | Disaster Management |
| 14. | Dorine Chelangat | Environment Officer – Secretariat |
| 15. | Gloria Cherotich | Administrative Secretary |

Table of Contents

| FOREWORD | ii |
|--|---|
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS | iii |
| THE CCAP TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP | iv |
| ACRONYMS | viii |
| DEFINITION OF TERMS | ix |
| EXECUTIVE SUMMARY | X |
| CHAPTER ONE | 1 |
| 1.0 Background and Context | 1 |
| 1.1. Introduction & Background | 1 |
| 1.2. Purpose and Process of the KCCCAP | 2 |
| 1.3. Underlying Climate Resilience Context | 3 |
| 1.3.1. Impacts of Climate Hazards in the County | 3 |
| 1.3.2. County Climate Hazard Map | 4 |
| From the PCRA process, climate change is increasing spatial variation in precipitation the County. With this, some Wards are likely to see an increase in the number of heavevents. The upward trends in heavy precipitation and discharge would pose greater rain some river catchments. Similarly, related risks of crop diseases and hailstorms are upward rise. The table on the right shows the county hazard, risk and vulnerabil subcounty. | vy precipitation risks of flooding e likely to be on ity across each |
| 1.3. Brief Overview of Climate Change Actions in the County | |
| 1.3.1 Mainstreaming of NCCAP in County Actions 1.3.2 Climate Change in CIDP 1.3.3 Other key climate actions/strategies in the County CHARTER TWO | 7 7 |
| CHAPTER TWO | |
| 2.0. Policy Environment | |
| 2.1. National Policy Context | |
| 2.1.1. The National Perspective | |
| 2.1.2. National Legal and Policy Framework | |
| 2.2. County Enabling Legal & Policy Framework | |
| CHAPTER THREE | 12 |

| 3.0. Priority Climate Change Actions |
|---|
| 3.1. Identification of Strategic Climate Action Priorities in the PCRA12 |
| 3.2. Priority County Climate Change Actions |
| CHAPTER FOUR29 |
| 4.0. Delivery Mechanisms for KCCCAP29 |
| 4.1. Enabling Factors |
| 4.1.1. Enabling Policy and Regulation30 |
| 4.1.2. Mainstreaming in the CIDP31 |
| 4.1.3. Multi-Stakeholder Participation Processes |
| 4.1.4. Finance - County Climate Change Fund |
| 4.1.5. Governance - County Government Structures |
| 4.1.6. Governance - Climate Change Planning Committees34 |
| 4.1.7. Climate Information Services & Climate Data Access |
| 4.1.8. Resilience Planning Tools |
| 4.1.9. Measurement, Reporting and Verification (MRV)37 |
| 4.1.10. Institutional Roles and Responsibilities |
| 4.2. Implementation and Coordination Mechanisms |
| 4.2.1. Directorate of Climate Change |
| 4.2.2 County Climate Change Planning Committee |
| 4.3 Implementation Matrix40 |
| REFERENCES 93 |
| |
| LIST OF TABLES TABLE 1: SUBCOUNTIES AND RESPECTIVE WARDS IN KERICHO COUNTY |
| LIVELIHOODS |
| TABLE 3: PRIORITY COUNTY CLIMATE ACTIONS |
| 38 |

ACRONYMS

ADP Annual Development Plans

CBOs Community Based Organization
CCAP County Climate Change Action Plan

CCCU County Climate Change Unit

CECM County Executive Committee member
CIDP County Integrated Development Plan

FBO Faith-Based Organization

FLLoCA Financing Locally-led Climate Actions

GHG Greenhouse Gas

KCCCAP Kericho County Climate Change Action Plan

KERCCISP Kericho County Climate Information Services Plan

NCCAP National Climate Change Action Plan
NDC Nationally Determined Contribution
NGO Non-governmental organizations

MRV Measurement, Reporting and Verification PCRA Participatory Climate Risk Assessment

PWD People Living with Disability
TWG Technical Working group

WCCPC Ward Climate Change Planning Committee

NIA

WRA REREC

LVSWWDA

KALRO

LBDA

LVBC

KWHA

KeRRA

KURA

KeNHA

KEWASCO

WRUAs

KMD

KWTA

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Adaptation-Changes made in response to the likely threats and opportunities arising from climate variability and climate change.

Asset(s)-Something that has potential or actual value to an organization.

Climate-Average weather based on the statistical description in terms of the mean and variability of relevant quantities, such as temperature, precipitation and wind, over an extended period of time.

Climate change-A statistically significant variation in either the mean state of the climate or in its variability, persisting for an extended period (typically decades or longer).

Exposure – The presence of people, livelihoods, species or ecosystems, environmental functions, services and resources, infrastructure, or economic, social or cultural assets in places and settings that could be adversely affected (IPCC AR5).

Impact- The effects on natural and human systems of extreme weather and climate events and of climate change. Impacts generally refer to effects on lives, livelihoods, health, ecosystems, economies, societies, cultures, services and infrastructure due to the interaction of climate changes or hazardous climate events occurring within a specific time period and the vulnerability of an exposed society or system.

Infrastructure- Assets and system of assets that support our society. This includes buildings, open space systems, public domain areas and associated landscape infrastructure, and transport, water, power and communications assets.

Mitigation-Reducing causes of climate change.

Resilience-Adaptive capacity of an organization, a community, or an individual to a complex and changing environment.

Risk- The potential for loss, damage or destruction of an asset as a result of a threat exploiting vulnerability. Lying at the intersection of assets, threats (actual, conceptual, or inherent), and vulnerabilities.

Risk Analysis-Process to comprehend the nature of risk and to determine the level of risk. Risk assessment-A methodology to determine the nature and extent of risk by analysing potential hazards and evaluating existing conditions of vulnerability that could pose a potential threat or harm to people, property, livelihoods and the environment on which they depend (UN, 2004).

Vulnerability-Degree to which a system is susceptible to, or unable to cope with, adverse effects of climate change, including climate variability and extremes.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The globe is currently experiencing the adverse effects of climate change. Climate change as defined by the Inter - governmental Panel on Climate Change refers to the state of climate; change in the mean properties that were once defined as normal, the change or variability persisting for an extended duration of time. These changes are attributed to the Green House Gases (GHGs) deposited in the atmosphere caused by human activities. With rapid industrialisation taking place, it is critical to take steps towards reducing the GHGs deposit to the atmosphere.

Kericho County recognises the importance of taking steps towards reducing the impacts of climate change. It is against this backdrop that the Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 was enacted by the Kericho County Assembly. The act provides structures and policy to guide in the fight against climate change. Key strategic committees and units were formulated to facilitate the process. World Bank through the Financing Locally Led Climate Change Actions (FLLoCA) program recognises the centrality of the communities at the lowest level of governance role in developing actions towards mitigating the adverse effects of Climate change.

As a guided process, the communities conducted a Participatory Climate Risk Assessment (PCRA) to identify hazards, risks, adaptation strategies and action plans to aid in mitigating climate change effects. From the data collected, it is evident that all sectors have been affected disproportionately. Men, women, youth, the elderly and people living with disabilities are experiencing climate change effects differently. The hazards that were identified in the PCRA exercise and documented in the report include; prolonged dry spells, unpredictable rainfall patterns, hailstorms, landslides, heavy rains, high temperatures, pests and diseases, fires, strong winds and lightning and thunderstorms. These climatic hazards had impacts as follows; low yield for food crops and to an extreme extent total crop failure, drying up of seasonal rivers, natural springs, shallow wells and low water levels in boreholes, water pans and dams causes serious water shortages in the county. Biodiversity loss is also experienced due to uncontrolled encroachment of wetlands and riparian land resulting from pressure to survive for those whose livelihoods have been affected.

It is therefore very critical to ensure that every resident of Kericho County puts up measures to ensure that the risks and hazard impacts have been reduced. Introduction of climate smart and climate proofing of projects will be important at the institution level. Projects that are implemented with a keen focus on adaptation and mitigation should be highly supported. Continuous capacity building of communities on adaptive measure will be critical.

CHAPTER ONE

1.0 Background and Context

1.1. Introduction & Background

The Kericho County Climate Change Action Plan (KCCCAP) presents a climate change impact outlook and climate action for Kericho County. It considers the vulnerability of the communities in the County, their lives, assets and livelihoods to climate change as presented by the Participatory Climate Risk Assessment (PCRA) study conducted in the County in May 2023. Besides appreciating the vulnerability of communities, the action plan also contextualizes proposed climate actions identified by the communities including the marginalized, vulnerable groups and women through the robust PCRA data collection exercise.

Kericho County is one of the 47 counties in the Republic of Kenya. It is located in the South Rift of the Great Rift Valley, about 256 km from Nairobi, the capital city of Kenya. The County lies between longitude 35° 02'and 35° 40 East and between the equator and latitude 0 23 South with an altitude of about 2002m above sea level. The County borders Uasin Gishu County to the North West, Baringo County to the North, Nandi County to the North-West, Nakuru County to the East and Bomet County to the South. It borders Nyamira and Homa Bay Counties to the South West and

Kisumu County to the West. The County occupies a total area of 2,479 sq.Km and is divided into 6 sub-counties, 30 wards,

85 locations and 209 sub-locations. The county is divided into 6 sub-counties, which are further subdivided into 30 Wards as indicated in table 1 below.

| Subcounty | Wards |
|-------------------|--|
| Ainamoi | Ainamoi, Kapsoit, Kapkugerwet, Kipchebor, Kipchimchim and Kapsaos |
| Belgut | Waldai, Kabianga, Cheptororiet/Seretut, Chaik and Kapsuser |
| Bureti | Kisiara, Tebesonik, Cheboin, Chemosot Litein, Cheplanget and Kapkatet |
| Soin/Sigowet | Sigowet, Kaplelartet, Soliat and Soin |
| Kipkelion East | Londiani, Kedowa/Kimugul, Chepseon and Tendeno/Sorget |
| Kipkelion West | Kunyak, Kamasian, Kipkelion and Chilchila |

TABLE 1: SUBCOUNTIES AND RESPECTIVE WARDS IN KERICHO COUNTY

Agriculture (mainly focusing on crops and livestock) is the mainstay of the economy in Kericho County. The main crops are; tea, coffee, sugarcane, avocado, bananas, maize, beans, pasture, finger millet and sorghum. Livestock includes; dairy, poultry, pigs and fish.



FIGURE 1: TEA PLANTATION IN KERICHO COUNTY

Kericho County as is other counties in the highlands west of rift valley is considered one of the high-potential counties in Kenya in terms of agricultural production and other livelihood activities in Kenya. Due to the impacts of climate change, the aspirations of the County Government to spur economic growth has faced hurdles due to a host of challenges. Some of the challenges in the recent past have been the covid-19 pandemic, global economic recession and the Ukraine war, but climate change impacts have been the consistent and the most frequent disruption for the County's development agenda and aspirations. Though it has been noticeable in terms of reduced agricultural

yield, crop failures and other disruptive hazards like hailstorms. Kericho County Participatory Climate Risk Assessment (PCRA) 2023 has brought to fore some of the most disruptive climate risks to the County's development effort as well as hazards that cause loss and damages to important livelihoods. The PCRA showed that the resilience of the community and investments to climate change are dependent on both strategic actions the County may take to avert the negative impacts of Climate change as well as local-level development actions that makes the community more resilient to the negative impacts of climate change.

1.2. Purpose and Process of the KCCCAP

The KCCCAP provides mechanisms and measures to achieve low carbon climate resilient development, in a manner that prioritises adaptation and recognises the essence of enhancing the climate resilience, aligning climate change actions in the county with the CIDP and encouraging participation of the private sector, civil society and vulnerable groups within society, including; children, women, older members of society, persons living with disabilities, youth and members of minority communities. The KCCCAP process was undertaken through a participatory approach where it involved engaging; local communities, stakeholders and decision-makers in the process of understanding and addressing the impacts of climate change. These approaches recognize the importance of local knowledge and expertise in developing effective climate change responses, and aim to empower communities to take action on climate change.

The County Government of Kericho formed Ward Climate Change Planning Committees (WCCPCs) in February, 2023. These committees were drawn from the community level through a rigorous process where the community members elected themselves. The criteria used during the composition of these committees factored in the women, youth, FBOs, CBOs, and persons living with disabilities. These are the groups who were involved during KCCCAP process. The community identified the hazards and developed the vulnerability matrix with the guide of the TWG and the

County Climate Change Unit. They also proposed the adaptive capacity and the mitigation measures of these hazards while stating their local response. KCCCAP took into consideration the priority climate change actions proposed by vulnerable groups.

1.3. Underlying Climate Resilience Context

1.3.1. Impacts of Climate Hazards in the County

Hazard refers to the potential occurrence of climate-related physical events or trends that may cause damage and loss. The most common climatic hazards in Kericho County were identified by the communities. The potential risks from these hazards were also identified. The common hazards include:

a) Prolonged dry spells

From the community response, Kericho County would experience long rainy season and shortdry seasons in the months of Jan, Feb and Jun. This hazard that was identified by most of the wards. Currently the region experiences prolonged dryspells. The residences are now experiencing problems such; scarcity of water, food shortage, crop failure, loss of livestock and low agricultural production. This has led to low income and increase in poverty level in the county.

b) Heavy rains

Prolonged intense rainfall has resulted into inland floods in the low lands in the County Moreso in Chaik, Kapsoit, Kapsaos, Kisiara, Londiani and Kedowa/Kimugul wards. From the community, the impact of these included; soil erosion, landslides, pollution of water resource resulting into increase in chances of water-borne diseases, damage of infrastructure such as roads and water storage infrastructure, crop damage and displacement of people.

c) Unpredictable rains

This has been experienced in Waldai, Cheplanget, Kaplelaret, Soin, Soliat, Sigowet, Kipkelion, Kamasian and Chepseon wards. This has led to flash floods and soil erosion hence reducing agricultural productivity which leads to food insecurity.

d) Pest and diseases

There have been trends of different types of pests and diseases affecting both crops and livestock currently in Kericho; outbreak of fall army warms, livestock diseases such as ECF that has been amenace in crop and livestock production respectively. This was a hazard identified in Waldai, Seretut/Cheptororiet, Kabianga, Chilchila, Kipkelion, Kamasian, Kapkatet, Litein, Cheplanget, Sigowet, Kaplelartet, Soin and Chepseon wards. Due to this, the residents have experienced low production, high cost of production, livestock death and crop failure in the County. Its impacts have increase food insecurity which in turn cause harm to human health such as malnutrition.

e) High temperatures

High temperatures were reported in Chaik and Kapsaos wards. The increase in temperatures affected quantity and quality of crops.

f) Fires

The prevalence of fire is experienced mainly during prolonged dry spells which leads to destruction of property, natural habitats and forests. The most affected areas are Cheboin, Londiani, Kedowa/Kimugul and Tendeno/Sorget wards.

g) Hailstorms

Hailstorms affect high altitudes areas in the county such as Kapsuser, Kapkugerwet, Kipchebor, Kipchimchim, Chemosot and Kisiara wards. The community indicated that this hazard causes crop damage and low quality and quantity of agricultural production especially tea production in the county.

h) Thunderstorms

The community stated that thunderstorms accompanied by lightning strikes that may injure, destroy or kill plants, trees, human beings, animals and infrastructure in Chaik, Ainamoi and Kapsoit wards.

i) Landslides

WCCPCs of Kunyak and Tebesonik wards highlighted landslides as a hazard. This has mainly led to loss of vegetation, destruction of property and even loss of lives and livestock hence affecting livelihoods.

j) Strong winds

From the community, it was established that strong winds are a common occurrence in various parts of Kericho County but the magnitude and distribution vary depending on the terrain and other factors. The most affected areas are Kipchimchim, Ainamoi and Kapsuser wards. Strong winds in the county have been attributed to crop damage, destruction of buildings such as human shelter, schools and health facilities among others.

1.3.2. County Climate Hazard Map

From the PCRA process, climate change is increasing spatial variation in precipitation patterns across the County. With this, some Wards are likely to see an increase in the number of heavy precipitation events. The upward trends in heavy precipitation and discharge would pose greater risks of flooding in some river catchments. Similarly, related risks of crop diseases and hailstorms are likely to be on upward rise. The table on the right shows the county hazard, risk and vulnerability across each subcounty.

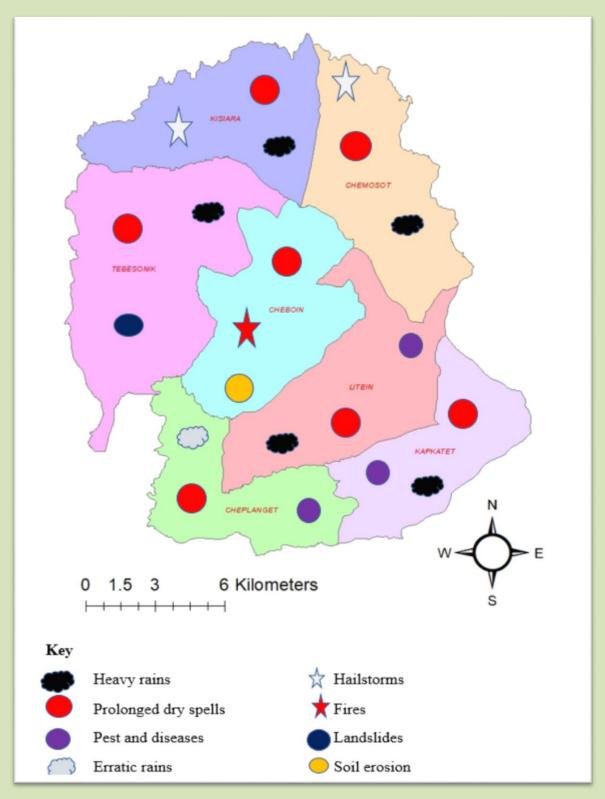


FIGURE 2: BURETI SUBCOUNTY HAZARD MAP

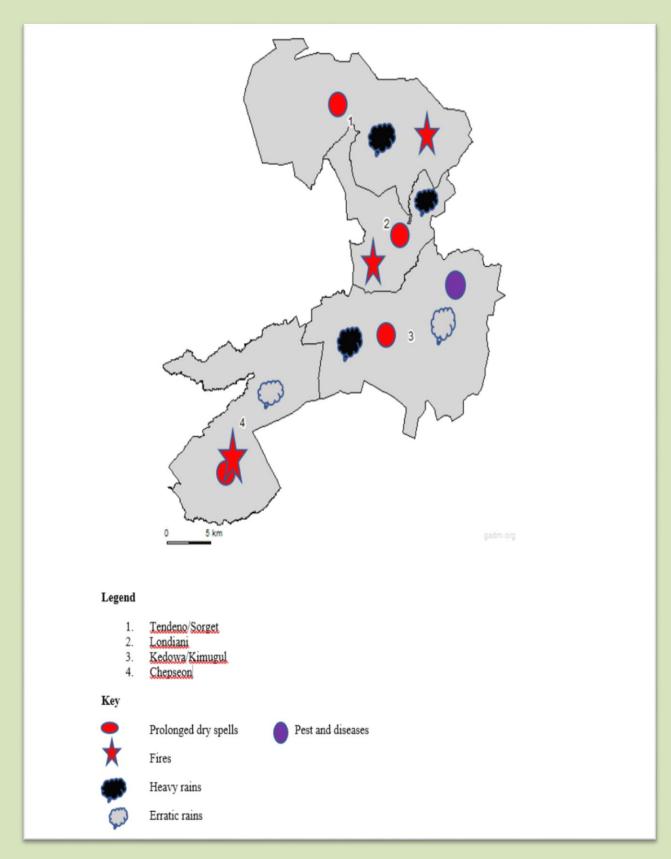


FIGURE 3: KIPKELION EAST SUBCOUNTY HAZARD MAP

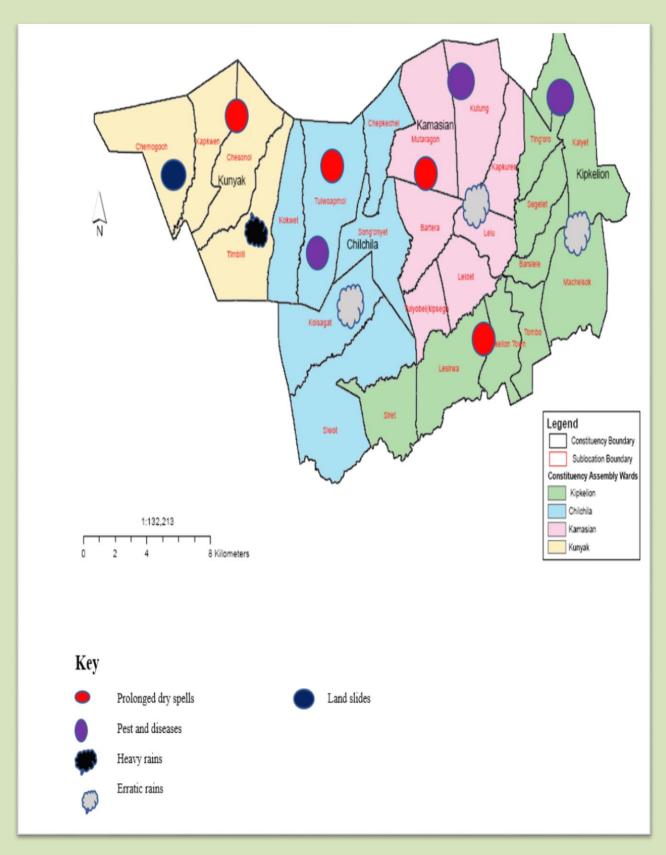


FIGURE 4: KIPKELION WEST SUBCOUNTY HAZARD MAP

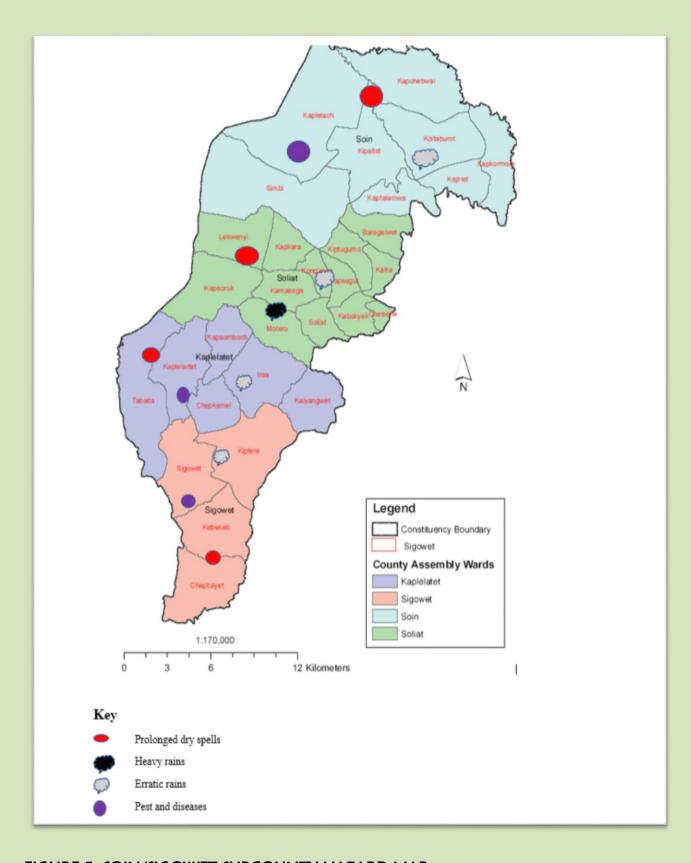


FIGURE 5: SOIN/SIGOWET SUBCOUNTY HAZARD MAP

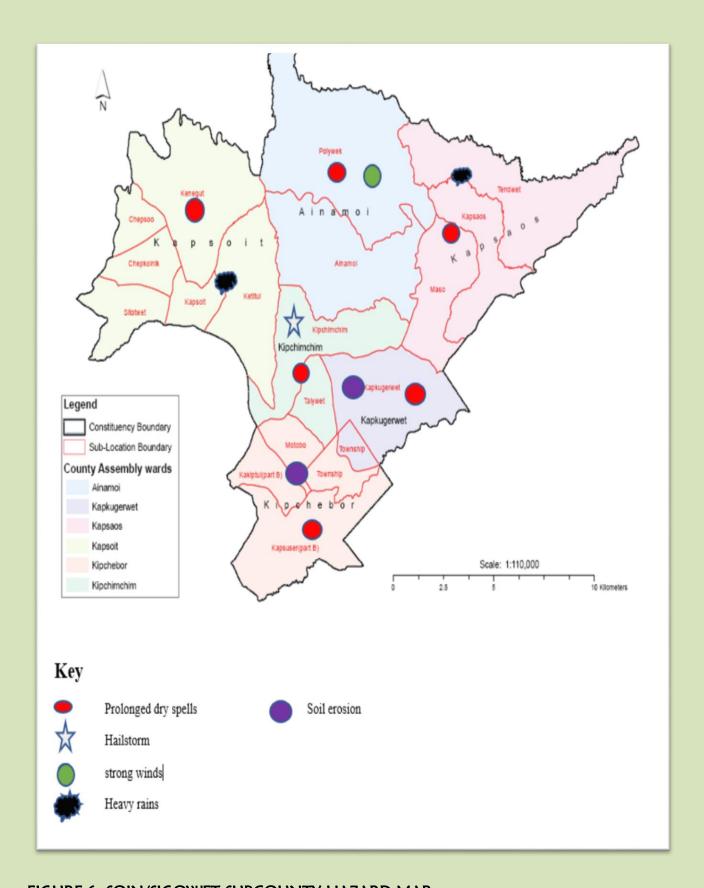


FIGURE 6: SOIN/SIGOWET SUBCOUNTY HAZARD MAP

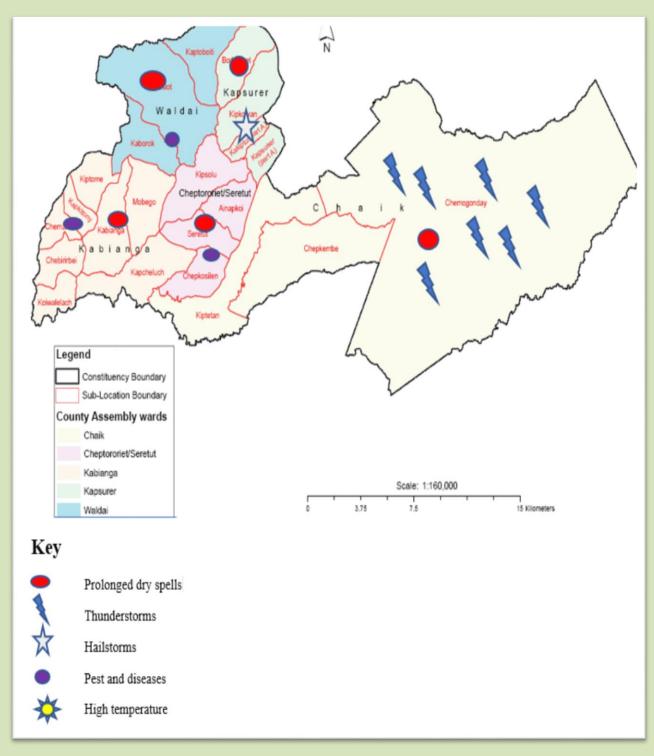


FIGURE 7: SOIN/SIGOWET SUBCOUNTY HAZARD MAP

| Risk & Vulnerability | Hazard-What | Exposure-Where | Vulnerability-Why/How |
|---|---|---|---|
| Assessment Unit: Ward- Level | | Presence of people, assets, livelihood, natural resources, ecosystem services, investments and infrastructure that can be at risk due to exposure | Sensitivity or being susceptible to loss and damage when exposed low or lack of capacity to adapt |
| | | General | |
| Identified Risks Include; loss of crops and animals, flas, water scarcity, food shortage, pests an diseases, water pollution, land degradation, ecosystem destruction, loss of property, landslides, loss of soil fertility and soil erosion. | and future hazards are/ will be experienced at the local level (wards)? Prolonged dry | Prolonged dry spell is a common hazard experienced and as priority 1 in almost all the wards of the county except for only 6 wards (Sigowet, Chilchila, Kedowa/Kimugul, Kipkelion, Kamasian and Chepseon) that ranked them as priority 2. | This has lead to water scarcity hence forcing women and youth queue for long hours thus unable to do productive roles. Women and men travel long distance to fetch water, this affects their health and wellbeing. Long periods used to fetch water breeds concern and doubts, leading to household conflicts between men and women. PWDs are also affected as they cannot access most water points. |
| | Heavy rains | Kedowa/Kimugul, Kapsaos, Kapsoit, Kapkatet, Litein, Kisiara, Seretut/ Cheptororiet, Kabianga, Soliat, Chemosot, Chilchila, Londiani, Tendeno/Sorget, Tebesonik and Kunyak wards is a common hazard that was mainly ranked as the second priority. | This has led to displacement and migration caused by landslides and flash floods has an impact on safety and security of women, girls, children, people living with disabilities In the quest to protect their families, women end up risking their lives for the sake of their children. |
| | Unpredictable rains | This greatly affected the 4 wards of Sigowet/Soin Sub-County, the 3 wards of Kipkelion west (Kipkelion, Chilchila and Kamasian) and Waldai, Cheplanget and Chepseon wards. | This affects all members of the family and PWDs are not able to carry out their routine economic activity like farming since the rains are unpredictable thus leads to food shortage. |
| | Soil erosions | Soil erosion is mainly experienced in Kapkugerwet, Kipchebor, Cheboin wards as was ranked as the second hazard in the 3 wards. | This has lead to low food productivity due decreasing soil fertility. As a result people are exposed to hunger and mul nutrition especially for the elderly and children. Women and men work have to work as casual labourers to provide food as the cost of inputs and labour has increased hence increasing food commodity prices. |
| | Lightning and thunderstorms | Are experienced in Chaik, Ainamoi and Kapsoit wards and are projected to be more widespread. | These have led to increase susceptibility to dangers and incidences of mortality especially for women and PWDs. |
| | Hailstorms | Are experienced in Kapsuser, Kipchimchim, Kapkugerwet, Kipchebor, Kisiara and Chemosot wards and are projected to be more widespread. | This has led to the destruction of crops (e.g. tea), animals and infastructure especially for |
| | Fires | Forest fires are commonly experienced in parts of Kipkelion East (Tendeno/sorget, Kedowa/Kimugul and Londiani wards) | This has led to destruction of natural and plantation forest that have various socio-economic and environmental benefits to the |
| | Pests and diseases | This greatly affected the 3 wards of Sigowet/Soin subcounty (Kaplelartet, Soin and Sigowet), the 3 wards of Kipkelion west subcounty (Kipkelion, Chilchilia and Kamasian), Kabianga, Waldai, Kapkatet, Litein, Cheplanget and Chepseon wards. | The effects of pests and diseases affects entire family unit. It leads to food scarcity. The cost of production of increases. |
| | Strong winds | This is experienced in Kapsuser, Ainamoi and Kipchimchim wards. | Families bare the cost of heavy winds which destroys property e.g. crops and buidings. |

TABLE 2: SUMMARY OF DIFFERENTIATED IMPACTS ON KEY GROUPS AND LIVELIHOODS

1.3. Brief Overview of Climate Change Actions in the County

1.3.1 Mainstreaming of NCCAP in County Actions

KCCCAP 2023-2027 will contribute to the NCCAP 2023-2027 goal that aims to further Kenya's development goals by providing mechanisms and measures to achieve low carbon climate resilient development in a manner that prioritises adaptation. Also, it takes cognisance of the impacts of climate change on Kenya's socio-economic sectors which is also the focus of NCCAP 2018-2022. More currently, following the approval of the KCCCAP 2023-2027, Kericho and other Counties shall hold consultative meetings with regional blocs to integrate the CCAP to the NCCAP 2023-2027.

1.3.2 Climate Change in CIDP

The third generation CIDP (2023-2027) identifies climate change impacts as challenges towards critical departments' performance. In section 2.4, the CIDP highlights change in rainfall patterns as a challenge affecting the county's agricultural production in addition to emerging pests and diseases which have reduced crop and livestock productivity. Climate change is identified as a constraint to optimal utilisation of key critical assets in the County like natural resource. Further, in the County's major development issues, climate change contributes to among other things declining food nutrition, high prevalence of pests and diseases, increase in occurrence of extreme climate events and related disasters (e.g. prolonged dry spell, heavy rains). Additionally, the CIDP puts into consideration climate change actions as a key component in the sectoral priorities.

1.3.3 Other key climate actions/strategies in the County

The CIDP 2023-2027 identifies key climate actions including climate proofing of infrastructure development to manage climate change impacts like the management of storm water infrastructure. Furthermore, the Department of Water, Energy, Environment, Forestry and Natural Resources has a sector goal to promote the living standard of the county residents through affordable water and sanitation services, access to affordable energy, a clean safe environment for all and sustainable management of the natural resources.

The mandate of the Department of Water, Energy, Environment, Forestry and Natural Resources is guided by strategic objectives including; 1) To coordinate the mainstreaming of climate change actions in the key sectors of the economy in the County, 2) To restore, protect and conserve the environment, 3) To ensure a clean, safe and healthy environment, 4) To ensure access to adequate and quality water supply, 5) Enhance the use of Energy saving devices and 6) Increase uptake and use of alternative energy sources.

Further, Kericho County has developed the Kericho County Climate Information Services Plan (KERCCISP) which gives the framework that ensures weather and climate information generated for Kericho County is able to guide decisions made at different temporal scales and local scales in a manner that actions from the decisions are measurable in terms of value for investments, costs reductions, disaster and risk prevention, and environmental and ecosystem conservation.

This plan identifies all the climate action stakeholders for the County and proposes the engagement mechanism for each.

CHAPTER TWO

2.0. Policy Environment

2.1. National Policy Context

In responding to changes in climate, the Kenya Government has put a raft of measures to ensure it fulfils the obligation of low carbon pathways that includes enactment of various laws and policies that support and create an enabling environment for the low carbon pathway and fulfils the national desire of building a climate-resilient society.

2.1.1. The National Perspective

In Kenya, higher temperatures, unpredictable rainfall, prolonged dry spells, heavy rains, and rising sea levels are impacting people across the country. Extreme weather events have led to loss of lives, diminished livelihoods, reduced crop and livestock production and damaged infrastructure, among other adverse impacts. Cognizant of the current and projected negative climate change impacts on Kenya's future development and achievement of her Vision 2030 goals, the Government of Kenya has put in place policies, legal frameworks and strategies to address climate change, with the Climate Change Act 2016 being the main legislation guiding Kenya's climate change response. In addition, Kenya is an active participant in international efforts to address climate change; it submitted its second Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) in December 2020, which sets out the Country's mitigation and adaptation commitments in achieving the Paris Agreement's goal.

2.1.2. National Legal and Policy Framework

Climate change is a global issue hence Kenya plays in the international space as a signatory to various treaties under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. Kenya's NDC sets out the Country's actions to contribute to achieving the global goal set out in the Paris Agreement and includes mitigation and adaptation contributions. The Paris Agreement appended by Kenya on 27th January 2017 forms part of Kenyan Law as set out in Article 2(6) of the Constitution of Kenya (2010).

Further, Kenya has set a regulatory framework comprising laws, policies, plans and institutions that are being progressively established at the National and County levels to address climate change. The framework that establishes climate change space includes the Constitution of Kenya (2010). The Climate Change Act, 2016 is the legislation instrument guiding Kenya's climate change response through mainstreaming climate change into sector

functions, More so, Kenya developed the National Climate Change Response Strategy (2010), the first NCCAP (2013-2017), National Adaptation Plan (NAP 2015- 2030), Kenya Climate Smart Agriculture Strategy (2017-2026), Climate Risk Management Framework (2017), National Climate Change Policy (2018) and National Climate Finance Policy (2018) and National Climate Change Fund Policy to help Kenya to mobilise additional domestic and international climate finance resources to address its climate change and national development.

2.2. County Enabling Legal & Policy Framework

As part of mainstreaming Climate change adaptation in all the County sectors, the National Adaptation Plan calls for undertaking climate vulnerability and risk assessments on ecosystems and providing relevant guidelines on adaptation actions. In line with this requirement, the County Government of Kericho is mainstreaming climate change in the County's development policies and interventions so as to achieve the intent of a transition towards a low-carbon and green economy development pathway. These policies point to wider efforts that ensure that climate actions for the county are cross-sectoral, sustainable, and bankable and are guided in a well-structured climate governance environment.

The County has thus put in place Kericho County Climate Change Policy 2020, Kericho County Climate Change Act 2021, Kericho County Environment Policy, 2020 and a draft County Climate Information Services Plan. The Third Generation CIDP for Kericho County also glimpses at a developmental agenda that mainstreams Climate Change Actions in Government plans and programs. The Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 is a domestication of the National Climate Change Act, 2016 which provides for a regulatory framework for enhanced response to climate change; to provide for mechanisms and measures to achieve low carbon climate development and for connected purposes.

The Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 establishes a framework for facilitating and coordinating climate change governance, mitigation, adaptation, financing and for connected purposes. Thus, the Act is to:

- 1) Mainstream climate change programs into development planning, decision making and advisory on climate change in the County,
- 2) Co-ordinate, collate and disseminate information on climate change to the public to create awareness and preparedness, and
- 3) Establish a climate change fund, financial mechanism and governance framework for climate change response and risk mitigation.

Kericho County Climate Change Policy, 2020 on the other hand in its policy objective 1 speaks of mainstreaming climate change into County planning and budgeting processes with the four policy statements:

- 1) Mainstreaming climate change into County planning processes, including County Integrated Development Plans, Annual Development Plans and annual budgets.
- 2) Establishment of an institutional framework and build capacity to coordinate and enhance mainstreaming at the sector level.
- 3) Put in place mechanisms for linking climate change data with county planning processes.
- 4) Ensure that County planning processes and documents account for climate risk analyses and vulnerability assessments and identify opportunities to build climate resilience and achieve low carbon development.

Further, Kericho County Climate Change Policy, 2020 under its objective 2 outlines the strengthening of early warning mechanisms to ensure resilience to adverse impacts of climate change thus promoting climate smart investments. Similarly, the policy promotes adaptation and mitigation strategic responses as the third objective and states Climate Actions and building of resilient investments as one of the key policy directions for Kericho County. The document also provided for sector-specific adaptation and mitigation policy interventions for key sectors that then firm up the need to assess sector-wide climate risks. The Kericho County Climate Change Policy, 2020 also provides strategic actions that support institutionalised climate actions.

CHAPTER THREE

3.0. Priority Climate Change Actions

Kericho County as an output of the PCRA process and report is committed to pursuing environmentally sustainable growth to manage the impacts of climate change. According to its third generation CIDP, the County is experiencing rapid industrialization, especially around Soin where a number of factories are coming up while others are operational. Therefore, the County's key focus areas for climate change prioritisation include; water, agriculture, environment, energy, forestry, infrastructure and health.

3.1. Identification of Strategic Climate Action Priorities in the PCRA

Through the PCRA process, the following strategic adaptation/resilience investment priorities were identified during the County-level engagements which also aligned with the local-level process. The PCRA process focused on the identification of localised strategic investment priorities that strengthen the adaptive capacity and resilience of key livelihood, social and economic systems within Kericho County.

3.2. Priority County Climate Change Actions

KCCAP 2023-2027 climate actions are aligned with the Kericho County 2023-2027 CIDP which outlines policies, programs and projects for implementation in third-term County administration aimed at continuing to transform the lives of its citizens. KCCAP 2023-2027 adopts a sector wide approach to prioritize climate actions touching on the vulnerable livelihoods and communities based on the prioritized hazards threatening the resources. It provides for critical actions that aim to build climate resilience in key sectors targeting vulnerable groups and marginalized community sectors that include; women, youth, PWDs, the poor, aged, female headed households and widows. The table below summarises the County priority areas:

TABLE 3: PRIORITY COUNTY CLIMATE ACTIONS

| | SECTOR 1: WATER |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Summary | Kericho has one the greatest water resources in the country. and one the counties which is still water secure. However according to KNBS 2019 household survey data 42.3 % of the total household still depends on stream/river water for its domestic supply thus comprises once the most crucial pillar under the UN sustainable development goals (SDGs), access to clean water. Efforts to achieve this is further impeded by climate related risk like drought and massive soil erosion caused by heavy rains from reasonably over fertilized agriculture farms that ends into rivers makes non-treated stream water unsafe for domestic uses. The availability of the water is again compromised by prolonged periods of dry spells that is becoming more significant even in the traditionally water secure months. This may worsen in the future as projected rainfall and temperature patterns unfolds this would definitely compromise the water security in several parts of the county. Improved and diversified access to clean and safe water to the resident of the county is a sound adaptive measure |
| Strategic Objective: | Maintain water availability at household levels |
| Action 1: | Develop new water supply systems and conservation of the existing sources (dams, water pans, boreholes, water tanks, tank towers, natural springs, pipeline extensions) |
| Issues/Gaps | Low safe water coverage especially in rural areas Inadequate water storage capacity in the county Lack of climate resilient water infrastructure designs Reduction of water levels during dry seasons e.g. Timbilil water intake High water turbidity during rainy seasons hence high cost of water treatment Inadequate capacity on climate resilient water safety planning Inadequate data on water sources |
| Short Term Sub-actions (2023-2024) | Mapping of water sources in the county with analysis on the possible climate risk on the water sources Feasibility study on the county's ground water potentiality Capacity building on climate resilient water safety planning |

| | Development of climate resilient water infrastructure designs |
|-------------------------|---|
| | Rehabilitation and upgrading of existing water supply schemes |
| | Solarization of selected existing water pumps |
| Mid/Long-term Sub- | Development of new water infrastructure (Boreholes, storage tanks, pipeline extensions and |
| actions (2024-2027) | requisite pipeline extensions) |
| | Drilling of water boreholes in Soin |
| Responsibility | GoK (NIA, WRA, REREC, LVSWWDA), County Government of Kericho (Agriculture, Water, |
| | Environment and Climate Change, Special Programs), KALRO, LBDA, LVBC |
| Action 2: | Develop inclusive and last mile rural subcounty water supplies annually targeting PWDs, women, |
| | and youth groups water services enterprises |
| Issues/Gaps | • Low of involvement of women, youth and PWDs in water and sanitation services enterprises in |
| | markets and town centers |
| | • Inadequate representation of special interest groups in communal water resources project |
| | management |
| Short Term Sub-actions | • Awareness creation on involvement of youth, women and PWDs in water resources management |
| (2023-2024) | and decision making |
| | • Enhance capacity of women, youth and PWDs groups on opportunities in management of water |
| | Kiosks, local water purification and bottling enterprises |
| | • Develop partnerships between youth, group and county government on management of water |
| | and sanitation within towns and marketing centers |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Develop town and market ablution and sanitation facilities in partnership with PWDs, youth and |
| Sub-actions (2023-2027) | women groups as income generating activities and employment |
| | Drill boreholes for rural water supply and partner with special groups to manage the water kiosks |
| | Promote youth groups for start-ups in plastic bottle recycling and water bottling |
| Responsibility | GoK (WRA, LBDA, LVBC, KWTA), County Government of Kericho (Trade, Cooperatives, Water, |
| | Energy, Environment and Climate Change) |
| Action 3: | Protection of water sources |
| · | |

| Examples of ongoing | Kipkobob water project in Bureti |
|-------------------------|---|
| projects/initiatives | Water treatment and solarization of the Kimologit water project |
| Issues/Gaps | Inadequate awareness/Knowledge on the possible risk of destroying vegetation around the springs, critical water catchment Lack of database on available springs in the county Destruction of springs by land degradation (encroachment, deforestation, soil erosion and landslides) |
| | Encroachment on the wetlands |
| | Pollution of Springs and water bodies |
| | Lack of policy/regulation of shared community assets |
| | Gaps in enforcement of existing regulation on spring and wetland protection |
| | Stones and quarry harvesting, soil harvesting and marram harvesting across the county |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Mapping of the water springs in the county |
| (2023-2024) | Capacity building on wetland and spring protection |
| | Establish and strengthen county and local committee on spring and wetland protection |
| | Activation and capacity building of Water Resource Users Association |
| | Protection of viable water springs |
| | Sensitize the community members on proper waste management to prevent pollution of water bodies including springs |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Planting of trees along riparian areas across the county, providing for riparian reserves. |
| Sub-actions (2023-2027) | Afforestation and reforestation of all hills across the county |
| | Protection of viable water springs |
| | Protection and upgrading of 10 viable water springs |
| Responsibility | GoK (NIA, NEMA, WRA, LBDA, LVBC, KWTA), County Government of Kericho (Agriculture, |
| | Water, Environment and Climate Change, Roads and Public Works, Special Programs) |
| Action 4: | Promotion of rainwater harvesting systems |
| Issues/Gaps | Poor road drainage planning systems |

| | Lack of designs on run-off water harvesting |
|-------------------------|---|
| | Low prioritization of rainwater harvesting systems in residential houses and intuitions |
| | • Inadequate knowledge on the importance of rainwater harvesting/ negative attitude towards |
| | rainwater harvesting |
| | High costs of installing rainwater harvesting systems |
| | Low technological uptake of storm water harvesting technology |
| | Poor roofing materials |
| | • Lack of regulatory framework on roof-catchment management/ harvesting at the county level |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Promotion of rainwater harvesting |
| (2023-2024) | Development of designs on surface -run off water harvesting |
| | Enactment of regulation on installation of rainwater harvesting in residential houses |
| | Installation of rainwater harvesting systems in institutions |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Install rainwater harvesting in selected public institutions to serve as pilot projects |
| Sub-actions (2023-2027) | Increase of water storage capacity in urban and rural households |
| | Enactment of regulation on installation of rainwater harvesting in residential houses |
| | Installation of rainwater harvesting systems in all public institutions |
| | • Ensuring 70% of household in the county have installed and operational rainwater systems |
| Responsibility | County Government of Kericho (Department of Water, Energy, Environment, Forestry and Natural |
| | Resources, Department of Roads) KWHA, WRA, KeRRA, KURA, KeNHA, KEWASCO & WRUAs. |
| | SECTOR 2: AGRICULTURE AND LIVESTOCK |
| | |
| Summary | Kericho County Agricultural Sector plays a central role in the County's development since the |
| | communities are largely agricultural and a large percentage of the County revenue comes from |
| | Agriculture and allied sector. Industrial developments in Kericho are mainly agriculture and food- |
| | based enterprises. Over 90% of livelihoods in Kericho are either direct agriculture production or |
| | direct employment from agriculture. Consequently, average, 92% of the population is reliant on |
| | on-farm income (Gok 2019). With agriculture in the county being predominantly rain-fed, it is very |

| | sensitive to climate change impacts and variability thus disproportionately affected. Currently tea which is the major cash crop is hit periodical hit with frost, hailstorms and extreme drought that has a greater impact on the economy by reducing tea productivity and thus shrinking employment activities for both the youth and women who are the predominant players in tea plucking. Decreased tea productivity affects small holder tea farmers the most who mostly rely on the tea farms as the only source of income. Interventions for making the agriculture sector more robust and resilient to climate related shocks are required. |
|--|--|
| Strategic Objective: | Increase food security and nutrition and household income through support for enhanced productivity and resilience through green production and low carbon strategies for agricultural sector |
| Action 1: | Formulate, implement and promote Climate-Smart Agriculture production methods and marketing systems |
| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | Kenya Climate Smart Agriculture Program (KCSAP) costed interventions in Kericho KES 640,000,000 funded by World Bank and GOK Implementation of Agriculture Sector Development Support Program (ASDSP) II costing KES 22,787,517 funded by SIDA-EU/GoK/County Government of Kericho |
| Issues/Gaps | Lack of a Kericho County Climate Smart Agriculture Strategy Lack of monitoring and evaluation tools to assess net benefit of agricultural investments and indirect impacts Insufficient gender mainstreaming data on implementation of KCSA strategy Insufficient inventory on livestock production in the County Lack of County policy on agriculture and livestock production Keeping of poor and low production animal breed |
| Short Term Sub-actions (2023-2024) | Enhance climate change literacy among agricultural value chain actors, especially at marketing levels Strengthen farmers' groups and farmers' federations for all farmers to ensure farmer-to-farmer education and learning through exchange on markets and technologies |

| Mid/Long-term Sub- | Develop Kericho County Integrated Climate Smart Agriculture Strategy |
|--|---|
| actions (2024-2027) | Scaling up climate-smart agricultural technologies and Innovations and practices |
| | Target and support farm-based agriculture enterprises to adopt green and renewable energy from agricultural wastes |
| | Strengthening climate-smart agricultural research on emerging cash crops like avocado and food crops |
| | Gender and marginalized groups inclusion in the KCSA strategy development |
| | Implementation of the Kericho County Integrated Climate Smart Agriculture Strategy with clear MRV framework |
| | Development of inclusive and resilient agricultural value chains |
| | Support development of agricultural sector public-private partnerships |
| Responsibility | GoK, County Government of Kericho (Agriculture and Livestock, Water, Environment and Climate |
| | Change), KMD, REREC, KALRO |
| | |
| Action 2: | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices |
| Action 2: Examples of ongoing | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices |
| | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices |
| Examples of ongoing | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices • Renovation of buying center |
| Examples of ongoing | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices • Renovation of buying center • Assorted distribution of pasture and fodder for livestock farmers |
| Examples of ongoing | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices Renovation of buying center Assorted distribution of pasture and fodder for livestock farmers Livestock disease control |
| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices Renovation of buying center Assorted distribution of pasture and fodder for livestock farmers Livestock disease control Construction of hay stores |
| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices Renovation of buying center Assorted distribution of pasture and fodder for livestock farmers Livestock disease control Construction of hay stores Inadequate capacity and knowledge in sustainable land use technologies |
| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices Renovation of buying center Assorted distribution of pasture and fodder for livestock farmers Livestock disease control Construction of hay stores Inadequate capacity and knowledge in sustainable land use technologies Lack of adequate low-cost renewable energy solutions for agricultural sector development |
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| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | Support adoption of agro-ecological and regenerative agricultural farming practices Renovation of buying center Assorted distribution of pasture and fodder for livestock farmers Livestock disease control Construction of hay stores Inadequate capacity and knowledge in sustainable land use technologies Lack of adequate low-cost renewable energy solutions for agricultural sector development Poor soil health management due to synthetic fertilizer use chemical spraying and non-biodegradable materials disposals Conversion of wetlands and riparian land for cropping Land degradation due poor cropping and animal grazing practices |

| | Support PWDs, youth and women groups to establish and manage agro-forestry based |
|--|---|
| | nurseries, practice on-farm, agro-forestry and fruit trees farming |
| | Promote and support soil testing for healthy production |
| | Awareness formulation and use of organic manure from sorted agricultural waste |
| Mid- and Long-Term Sub-actions (2024-2027) | Capacity building and funding of women and PWDs groups in organic fertilizer production business |
| | Promote small-scale biogas adoption for smallholder and medium scale dairy farmers in Kericho |
| | Support renewable energy-based and efficient irrigation technologies for water dams targeted for irrigation |
| | Support sustainable land use policy development and implementation |
| | Land reclamation through soil conservation and agro-forestry practices |
| | Adapt carbon trading into agricultural production systems |
| | Conservation of wetlands and protection of riparian lands |
| | Promote commercial fodder production as climate smart technology |
| Responsibility | GoK, (KMD, NEMA, KALRO) County Government of Kericho (Agriculture, Water, Environment |
| | and Climate, Industrialization, Trade and Cooperative Departments) |
| Action 3: | Strengthen post-harvest food processes, aggregation, and value addition |
| Issues/Gaps | Farmers experience post-harvest losses |
| | Limited value chain linkages amongst farmers |
| | Absence of aggregation centers for farm produce especially fruits and horticultural crops |
| Short Term Sub-actions (2023-2024) | Support the farmers by providing trainings on agro-meteorological, market systems and advisory services |
| | • Promotion of post-harvest management technologies like mobile solutions for scheduling and e- |
| | matching demand and supply process |
| | Build capacity in value addition and quality control |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Development of strategies of reducing post-harvest food loses in perishable and non-perishable |
| Sub-actions (2024-2027) | agricultural produce for instance: |
| | |

| | Development cold storage facilities |
|--|---|
| | Set up aggregation centres for aggregation of produce and enhanced marketing |
| | Development of consumer lensed agricultural and fisheries value chains |
| | Promote efficient post-harvest food handling at production level |
| | Supporting the development of trade enabling policies |
| | Foster competitive, resilient and inclusive agricultural markets and value chains by creating value |
| | chain linkages, supporting the growth of structured trade and supporting the growth of structured trade |
| | Build the capacity of agricultural cooperatives to viable and vibrant producer organizations with |
| | contract farming |
| | Enforcement of livestock and fisheries produce and product quality and standards regulations |
| Responsibility | County Government of Kericho (Agriculture and Livestock, Veterinary services, KMD, KALRO, |
| | KRCS, NGOs, Kenya Seeds Company, Cereals and Produce Board) |
| Action 4: | Support Irrigation infrastructure development and efficient water use |
| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | Leldet small dam Irrigation project funded by World Bank KCSAP |
| Issues/Gaps | Irrigation potential of rivers and gulley that can provide water reservoir for Irrigable agriculture |
| | has not been explored |
| | Low acreage under irrigation |
| | Lack of storm-water and roof catchment harvesting for small holding agriculture adequately exploited |
| | Lack of awareness on low water and kitchen garden agricultural strategies that can promote |
| | women and PWDs participation in intensive agriculture |
| | Low adoption of new technologies in agricultural production |
| | High cost of farm inputs |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Capacity building on Horticultural/crop farming especially around existing irrigation schemes |
| (2023-2024) | with market linkage strategies |
| | |

| | Promotion of kitchen garden agricultural innovations targeting PWDs and women for food security and nutrition |
|--|--|
| Mid- and Long-Term | Carry out feasibility studies on the irrigation potential in the county |
| Sub-actions (2024-2027) | Expansion small scale irrigation development and building of small dams' initiative in Soin, Soliat and Kaplelartet |
| | Provide kitchen garden initiatives for PWDs women and laborers in tea estates |
| | Design and develop of water harvesting and storage structures for multiple usage to enhance resilience |
| Responsibility | County Government of Kericho (Department of Agriculture and Water) Special Programs, WRA, NIA and Research Institutions |
| SECTOR 3: DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT | |
| Summary | Population living areas frequented by climate related hazards often bear the brunt of negative impacts of the hazards. Common impacts included damages and loss to livelihood and in extreme extent fatalities. Assessed food security is compromised, poor living conditions in terms of shelter and poor sanitation. |
| Strategic Objective: | Reduce significantly risks, damages and losses to households, investments and critical infrastructure that comes from climate-related Extreme events (lightening, landslides, hailstorms, thunderstorms) |
| Action 1: | Enhance coordination of DRM & increase the number of households and entities benefiting from devolved adaptive services |
| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | Disaster and Emergency response plans and initiatives by County Government of Kericho and affiliated institutions |
| Issues/Gaps | Lack of supporting policy, namely county disaster management policy |
| | Lack emergency and contingency plans that map and target special and marginalized, women and children |
| | Inactive Disaster Management Committees |
| | Inadequate funding for disaster risk reduction and management |
| | |

| | Lack of updated database of the number of people affected by disasters and number of reported |
|------------------------|--|
| | disaster and extreme events in the county |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Create awareness to the locals on home-based, community risk reduction and reporting |
| (2023-2024) | mechanism. |
| | Strengthen the County Disaster Management Committees and establish local disaster |
| | management committees |
| | Carry out risk assessments for the vulnerable community |
| | Develop Kericho County Disaster Management Policy |
| | Operationalize the County Disaster Fund to address local adaptation priorities |
| | Develop emergency plans that targets increase resilience and comfort to women and girls during |
| | disaster and climate extreme stresses |
| | Implementation of the Kericho County Disaster Management Policy and regulations complete |
| | with MRV framework |
| | Mobilize and avail resources for DRM |
| | Enhance communication climate information for early warning and Alert |
| Mid/Long-term Sub- | Develop Kericho County Disaster Management Policy |
| actions (2024-2027) | Operationalize the County Disaster Fund to address local adaptation priorities |
| | Develop emergency plans that targets increase resilience and comfort to women and girls during |
| | disaster and climate extreme stresses |
| | Implementation of the Kericho County Disaster Management Policy and regulations complete |
| | with MRV framework |
| | Mobilize and avail resources for DRM |
| | Enhance communication climate information for early warning and Alerts |
| Responsibility | County Government of Kericho (Executive office of the Governor, DRM, Health, Water |
| | Environment and Climate Change), GoK (Min. of Interior & National Coordination, KMD, Labor |
| | and social protection) Kenya Red Cross, WRA |
| | and solid. Protestion, manya float cross, what |

| Action 2: | Improve coping capacity of the vulnerable groups and their livelihood and strengthen infrastructure |
|-------------------------|---|
| | to withstand and support disaster responses |
| Examples of ongoing | Civil work on access roads and building of bridges across the county |
| projects/initiatives | Implementation of the Kenya Climate Smart Agriculture Project |
| Issues/Gaps | Inadequate awareness on climate related disasters |
| | Inadequate early warning systems |
| | Low uptake of climate information |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Capacity building for locals in landslide, lightening and flooding areas. |
| (2023-2024) | Map and assess Landslide Areas in Kericho |
| | Improve on early warning systems for flood/drought |
| | Provide climate information services for risk management decisions |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Establish and implement an Integrated management plan for each and every disaster in Kericho. |
| Sub-actions (2024-2027) | Hilltop and slope reforestation initiatives on landslide prone areas |
| | Operationalize the Disaster Management Fund |
| Responsibility | GoK (NDMA, Min. of Interior & National Coordination, KFS, KMD, KWTA, NEMA, WRA), County |
| | Government of Kericho (Special Programs, agriculture, Water, Environment and climate), Kenya |
| | Red Cross Society (KRCS). |
| | SECTOR 4: ENERGY SECTOR |
| Summary | While Kericho has a forest cover of 20.61% of its landmass (KFS, 2021), there is still over-reliance |
| | on wood fuel for cooking and heating. The use of wood-fuel in rural areas is still high and uptake |
| | of clean energy for cooking is still very low standing at a 9.9% and a whopping 79% using wood |
| | fuel according to KNBS 2019 household survey data. This has a big impact in terms biodiversity |
| | losses of natural forests and in turn low carbon sequesters in the county. On the other hand of |
| | Kericho access to clean energy for lighting stands at reasonable percentage over 80% but Kipkelion |
| | ward still has low access to 18% to mains electricity (KNBS 2019). The aspiration of the county |
| | according to Climate change policy to follow renewable energy path has been kept alive by interventions from county, national government and partners. This informed by desire to improve |
| | interventions from county, national government and partners. This informed by desire to improve |

| | indoor air quality for women and children stay long hours in poor ventilated wood fuel kitchen during cooking. |
|---|---|
| Strategic Objective: | Ensure access to clean, environmentally friendly energy sources |
| Action 1: | Promote access to renewable energy for cooking and lighting at household level |
| Examples of ongoing projects/initiatives | 11 domestic biogas unit done in Ainamoi, Sigowet, Kapkugerwet, Kabianga, Kipchebor, Chemosot, Cheboin Training of women group on fireless cooking technology at Sigowet and Kapsaos |
| | Training on fabrication on efficient cooking stoves liners for women groups in Kisiara Training by GIZ in Kipkelion for women in energy shaving jikos fabrication and commercialization |
| Issues/Gaps | Low adoption of biogas and solar energy technology, High initial cost of renewable energy deployment, Poor quality soil for liners and lack of expertise in soil mixing High cost of reed basket for fireless cooking device technologies acquired from outside the county. Lack of large-scale investments on energy cooking stoves due low capacity opening of markets Lack of county Energy policy and Plan |
| Short Term Sub-actions (2023-2024) | Initiate the formulation of county energy policy Enhance capacity building and awareness drive for adoption of energy saving cook stoves Promote use of solar energy and energy saving bulbs in all county institutions and facilities for lighting Build capacity of women and youth groups on acquisition of fabrication technology, and renewable energy entrepreneurship |
| Mid/Long-term Sub- actions (2024-2027) | Operationalize Energy Policy through development of county energy plan Partner with REREC to domesticate and operationalize energy regulations framework Promote soil testing for energy cook stove liners |

| | • Enroll more youths on artisan courses for increased uptake of both solar installation, biogas and |
|-------------------------|---|
| | energy saving technologies and innovation |
| Responsibility | GoK (REREC), County Government of Kericho (Water, Energy, Environment and Climate Change), |
| | GIZ |
| Action 2: | Promote strategies that support last mile rural electrification |
| Issues/Gaps | Areas with low access to rural electrification programs also have higher use of paraffin for |
| | lighting |
| | Frequent Power supply interruptions in rural areas during rainy season |
| | Frequent power line disconnections due to falling of power poles |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Map and guide in maintenance of the of trees near power line before and during rainy season |
| (2023-2024) | Repair access roads for ease of maintenance of the power lines during emergencies |
| | Map areas that have no access to main electricity and promote alternative energy access |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Assess wind mill and solar potential areas for partnerships with REREC and other partners |
| Sub-actions (2024-2027) | Promote solar electrification for all county facilities |
| Responsibility | REREC, County Government of Kericho, Kenya Power |
| | SECTOR 5: HEALTH |
| Summary | Climatic factors, such as temperature and precipitation patterns, directly and indirectly, affect the |
| | health and well-being of people today. These impacts are caused by extreme weather-related events |
| | and changes in average climate conditions. Many health-climate links are also influenced by forms |
| | of environmental degradation, such as rapid deforestation, loss of biodiversity, and degradation of |
| | water resources. While these processes can lead to the emergence of diseases, they can also reduce |
| | the capacity to treat health ailments. Vector- and water-borne diseases, in particular, are directly |
| | influenced by climatic patterns. Of these diseases, malaria and cholera are of particular concern. |
| | In recent years, the generation of medical wastes in Kericho County just like any other part of the |
| | world has increased significantly due to the increase in population, facilities of healthcare and |
| | hospital number and medicine product wastes, especially after spreading coronavirus (COVID-19) |
| | pandemic. Dioxin and Furane are amongst the gases that are produced in burning of medical waste. |
| | |

| | Over the years, the environment has become a public concern due to pollution-related illnesses |
|------------------------|---|
| | related to long-term low concentrations of harmful substances. Others have suffered from illnesses |
| | related to short-term high concentrations of harmful chemicals or substances. |
| Strategic Objective: | Manage the climate-induced disease burden |
| Action 1: | Establish an effective Climate Induced disease surveillance and control system |
| Examples of ongoing | Limited use of best available technologies in addressing climate induced health issues |
| projects/initiatives | Lack of disease surveillance tools for real time pandemic prediction and management |
| Issues/Gaps | Inadequate infrastructure for disease surveillance |
| | Inadequate community awareness on existing climate induced health conditions |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Promote the use of mobile toilets and clinics and medical services |
| (2023-2024) | |
| Mid/Long-term Sub- | Establish climate resilient technologies in the health sector that takes care of all the citizens |
| actions (2024-2027) | including the PWD and the vulnerable groups. |
| | Deploy effective disease surveillance tools for real time pandemic prediction and management |
| | Conduct continuous quality audits |
| | Construction of climate resilient toilets e.g Safi |
| Responsibility | GoK(Min. of Health), County Government of Kericho (Health, Environment and climate, special |
| | program), Non state actors, Private Sector |
| Action 2: | Improve the health care system and build capacity for climate change-induced sanitation and health |
| | emergencies |
| Issues/Gaps | Limited Knowledge among health personnel on climate change related health risks |
| | Inadequate health management systems to attend to those evacuated and the displaced in the |
| | community |
| | Limited interventions on sanitation and menstrual hygiene initiatives targeting women and girls |
| | Limited health facilities in some rural areas |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Train Health personnel on climate change health related issues in Level IV health facilities |
| (2023-2024) | Climate change awareness creation programs in the health sector |
| , | 0 |

| Mid- and Long-Term | Complete stalled health infrastructure projects in the county |
|-------------------------|--|
| Sub-actions (2024-2027) | Construction of evacuation centers in the event of emergencies and ensure that they are friendly |
| | to the PWD |
| | Strengthen the capacity of health care workers on improving the health care system for climate |
| | change-induced health emergencies |
| | Equipping existing and upcoming health facilities |
| Responsibility | GoK (Min. of Health), County Government of Kericho (Health, Environment and climate, special |
| | program), Non state actors |
| Action 3: | Promote effective medical waste management practices |
| Issues/Gaps | Ineffective medical waste management practices in Kericho County |
| | Lack of medical waste policies in Kericho County |
| | Poor budgetary allocations for medical waste management |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Domestication of environmentally friendly medical waste disposal guidelines or strategies in the |
| (2023-2024) | county |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Acquisition of incineration and autoclave technology facilities for County Hospitals for sound |
| Sub-actions (2024-2027) | management of bio-medical waste |
| Responsibility | GoK (Min. of Health), County Government of Kericho (Health, Environment and climate, special |
| | program), Non state actors |
| | SECTOR 6: INFRASTRUCTURE |
| Summary | Infrastructure is important for socio-economic development in the society. In recent years, climate |
| | change has been identified as a growing threat to important infrastructure, and many studies have |
| | been conducted to assess the vulnerability of critical infrastructures to climate change. Impacts of |
| | climate change, such as flooding, drought, heatwaves, wildfires, landslides, rising lake level, etc. |
| | could have a severe impact on the infrastructural system, causing changes in air quality, property |
| | damage, service disruptions, water quality, and habitat changes among others. Understanding the |
| | impacts of climate change on infrastructure is key in designing adaptation measures necessary to |
| | climate-proof the infrastructural system in Kisumu County. |

| Strategic Objective: | Develop and preserve efficient, accessible and reliable infrastructure |
|-------------------------|---|
| Action 1: | Climate Proofing of Roads in the County |
| Issues/Gaps | Limited knowledge and information on how to climate proof infrastructure. |
| | High costs of machineries |
| | Lack of skills and technical knowhow |
| Short Term Sub-actions | Training of contractors on climate proofing |
| (2023-2024) | Acquiring technologies and equipment |
| Mid/Long-term Sub- | Routine management and repair of roads in the county |
| actions (2024-2027) | Opening up of new access road and upgrading for accessibility to markets |
| Responsibility | County Government of Kericho (Department of Roads and infrastructure, Environment, Climate |
| | Change GoK |
| Action 2: | Construction of bridges and/Opening up of drainages along Roads |
| Issues/Gaps | Destruction of the bridges by heavy rainfall, lorries fetching construction materials. |
| Short Term Sub-actions | • Incorporate consideration of climate change impacts into planning for new infrastructure (e.g., |
| (2023-2024) | homes, businesses) |
| Mid- and Long-Term | Restrict or prohibit development in erosion zones |
| Sub-actions (2023-2027) | Redefine riverine flood hazard regions to match the projected expansion of flooding frequency |
| | and extent |
| | Build flood barriers to protect infrastructure |
| Responsibility | County Government of Kericho (Roads, Transport and Public Works, Environment) Min. Of Roads |
| | under the GoK, |

CHAPTER FOUR

4.0. Delivery Mechanisms for KCCCAP

The KCCCAP 2023-2027 will be delivered under a three-level structure with communities at the ward level represented by WCCPCs. They will be engaged in regular planning, monitoring and review cycles. This will ensure that climate adaptation priorities are generated from communities and that interventions are tailored to respond to their needs.

The second delivery mechanism is the CCCU that will be fiduciary responsible in line with the PFM Act. The CCCU hosts the KCCCAP coordinator, environmental and social specialists, specialists responsible for safeguards, accountants, auditors and procurement specialists. The County Climate Change Unit under the Department will allocate human, financial and technical resources under the program, assign roles and responsibilities and ensure work is implemented in line with the KCCCAP mission. The CCCU is domiciled within the Department of Water, Energy, Environment, Forestry and Natural Resources (WEEF&NR).

The Chief Officer of the WEEF&NR Department will chair the County Climate Change Planning Committee and ensure that CCAP proposals are coordinated and mainstreamed across various sectors and Departments.

The County Climate Change Steering Committee comprising of County Executive Committee Member (CECM) Finance, CECM Agriculture, CECM Administration, CECM Public Administration, CECM Health Services, CECM Public Works, County Attorney, Director Meteorology Services at the county, Chief Officer in charge of climate change being the secretary and chaired by the CECM in charge of climate change.

The County Assembly will play an oversight and resource allocation role in the delivery structure. This will be done through their ongoing role as elected representatives at the ward level and by ensuring that Ward activities contained in both CIDP, ADPs and the KCCCAP are allocated the requisite resources from the budget to implement planned activities.

Non-Governmental Agencies, NGOs FBOs, CBOs, development agencies and private sector (insurance firms, banking institutions, and other actors) will be engaged in line with their roles as defined in the PCRA stakeholder mapping exercise. WCCPCs and implementing departments will partner with them to build synergy and achieve implementation efficiency.

4.1. Enabling Factors

The KCCCAP 2023-2027 finds when the County is fresh from the implementation of multiple external partners funded projects that address climate change-related challenges, a critical population of the County are averse to the delivery context of policy-driven programs that require their participation and support. The immense support from the political leadership both at Executive and Assembly is a key factor in the KCCCAP implementation. The development of the PCRA report was participatory and considered the community's needs and resilient strategies. The other enabling factor is uniformity in most of the livelihoods and investments most of which are agricultural-based, thus similarities in some of the climatic vulnerabilities that affect the County

4.1.1. Enabling Policy and Regulation

The Kericho County Climate Change Policy, 2020 and Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 are two key documents that ease the delivery and mainstreaming of KCCCAP into the County development and climate change response agenda.

The Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 establishes a framework for facilitating and coordinating climate change governance, mitigation, adaptation, financing and for connected purposes. The Act:

- 1. Mainstreams climate change programs into development planning, decision making and advisory on climate change in the County,
- 2. Co-ordinates, collates and disseminates information on climate change to the public to create awareness and preparedness, and
- 3. Establishes a climate change fund, financial mechanism and governance framework for climate change response and risk mitigation.

Further, Kericho County Climate Change Policy, 2020 reinforces the importance of managing the effects of climate change as below:

- a) **Objective 1-** Mainstream climate change into County planning and budgeting processes speaks of four policy statements linked directly to PCRA and CCAP processes, namely;
- Mainstreaming climate change into County planning processes, including County Integrated Development Plans, Annual Development Plans and annual budgets,
- II. Establishment an institutional framework and build capacity to coordinate and enhance mainstreaming at the sector level,
- III. Put in place mechanisms for linking climate change data with county planning processes, and

- IV. Ensure that County planning processes and documents account for climate risk analyses and vulnerability assessments, and identify opportunities to build climate resilience and achieve low carbon development.
 - b) Objective 2 outlines strengthening of early warning mechanisms to ensure resilience to adverse impact to climate change thus promotion of climate smart investments, similarly the policy promotes adaptation and mitigation strategic responses as the third objective and states Climate Actions and building of resilient investments as one of the key policy directions for Kericho County.

The Policy also provides for sector specific adaptation and mitigation policy interventions for key sectors that then firm-up need to assess sector-wide climate risks. The Kericho County Climate Change Policy, 2020 also provides strategic actions that support institutionalised climate actions, Improved climate governance through establishment of Ward Climate Change Committees (WCCPCs) in each of the 30 wards in the county, a Climate Change planning committee (CCPC) and the County Climate Change Steering Committee provided ease and a suitable institutional arrangement for the PCRA process roll out.

4.1.2. Mainstreaming in the CIDP

Mainstreaming priority climate actions into Kericho CIDP3 was one of the strategies to ensure that the actions proposed in the CCAP are aligned with government policy. The mainstreaming process was done by appending the proposed CCAPs interventions to thematic sectors in the CIDP. Mainstreaming CCAP within the CIDP further ensures that CCAP activities are transparent and enables public monitoring of annual input, activity, output and outcome indicators. It also ensures that stakeholders have the possibility for regular greening or adjustment of projects to address emerging climate-related vulnerabilities.

4.1.3. Multi-Stakeholder Participation Processes

Climate change is a cross-cutting thematic area and affects all social-economic sectors across the county. All players are critical for the effective implementation of the KCCCAP. At the County level, the CCCU is a cross-departmental unit that will coordinate Kericho county efforts to reduce risk and vulnerability to climate change, strengthen resilience, enhance well-being and the capacity to anticipate and respond successfully to change by leveraging on each department's efforts, capabilities and resources.

During the PCRA process, County actors were involved taking into consideration of the marginalised groups (elderly, youth, women, PWD, minority groups) from the local, Subcounty and County levels.

The multi-stakeholder participation process in Kericho will be cyclic and integrated in the KCCCAP programs. The CCCU refine its skill in institutionalizing participatory mechanisms will take the lead in ensuring programs are implemented in an inclusive and responsive manner.

Annual stakeholder mapping will be done to identify and categorize relevant stakeholders, including government agencies, local communities, NGOs, businesses and academia to ensure the key interests are considered and capacity to contribute to climate adaptation is leveraged. Effort will be made to build strategic partnership with local, national and international organizations that have expertise in climate adaptation and ensure diverse representation across sectors and interest groups.

Kericho will leverage the Climate Change Institutional Support Grant to strengthen information sharing on climate change impacts, vulnerability assessments and potential adaptation measures especially in agriculture. The CCIS will assist to strengthen capacity of the CCCU, the Ward, Planning and Steering committees through workshops, training sessions, south – south and knowledge-sharing events to enhance stakeholders' understanding of climate adaptation concepts, tools, and best practices.

Public meetings and online platforms for stakeholders to share their perspectives, concerns and ideas related to climate adaptation will encourage open dialogue, active listening and respect for diverse viewpoints. Collaborative decision-making employing techniques like consensus-building, negotiation or participatory planning methods will be prioritized to identify priority adaptation actions, establish targets and develop strategies to address climate risks.

Kericho established Climate Ward, Planning and Steering Committees as working groups to deliberate on specific aspects of climate adaptation in infrastructure resilience, agriculture and water management. They will interpret community proposals into action plans, outlining specific adaptation measures, responsibilities, timelines and resource allocation. They will also be tasked to establish mechanisms to monitor the progress and effectiveness of implemented actions, regularly assess the outcomes, learn from experiences, and adapt strategies accordingly.

Engaging participation of stakeholders is at the heart of resource mobilization and Kericho County will explore financial mechanisms, grants, and partnerships to secure necessary resources for the implementation of adaptation actions. The CCCU and Department will

proactively communicate the progress, achievements, and challenges of the multistakeholder participation process to the wider public, decision-makers, and media.

4.1.4. Finance - County Climate Change Fund

Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 establishes a framework for facilitating and coordinating climate change governance, mitigation, adaptation, financing and for connected purposes. Part IV of the Act (Financial Provision) establishes the Climate change fund to fiduciary allow the County to generate funds for the implementation of climate change programmes. The Act indicates that the climate investments to be financed are:

- 1) Limited to those approved and climate change related,
- 2) Climate change resilience and its assessment,
- 3) Grants and loans for the implementation of climate change adaptation and mitigation actions,
- 4) Climate change research and innovation in the following fields: industrial research, technological research, policy formulation, scientific research, and academic research.
- 5) Grants and loans to business industry civil society, academia and other stakeholders for the development of innovative actions that benefit climate change responses in Kericho County,
- 6) Monitoring and evaluation exercises including documentation, photography and video recording of climate change projects and programmes, and
- 7) Capacity-building activities at the County level.

The Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 specifies that not more than 3% of the finance shall be used for administrative costs and the expenditure incurred from the Fund shall be on the basis of, and limited to, annual work plan and cost estimates as prepared by the Administrator of the Fund and approved by the County Climate Change Steering Committee at the beginning of the financial year to which they relate.

The Kericho County Fund identifies the sources to capitalize funding including; Not less than 1 % (one percent) of all the county annual budget every financial year, (b) monies from the National government, (c) grants, donations and endowments, (d) climate finance received from International entities and donors, (e) income from fees, charges or penalties imposed for services, (f) grants and loans from the National Climate Fund, (g) funds raised by stakeholders and supporters, and (h) Interest accruing from bank deposits in respect of the Fund.

Further, The Act establishes the Office of the Fund Administrator of the County Climate Change Fund who shall be the Accounting Officer of the Fund whose roles include among other things preparation of accounts for the Fund for that financial year and publishing the

eligibility criteria for selection of projects developed by the County Climate Change Steering Committee.

4.1.5. Governance - County Government Structures

At the county level, the County Department of Water, Energy, Forestry, Environment and Natural Resources is mandated to ensure the provision of safe and quality water, conserve and protect the environment, promote renewable energy and sustainable utilisation of natural resources. This entails among other things the coordination of the mainstreaming of climate change actions in the key sectors of the economy in the County.

Further, the County Assembly of Kericho provides overall oversight and approvals through critical roles including:

- 1) Budget reviews and passage to allow and sustain continuous allocation of not less than 1% of the County's budgets into climate change,
- 2) Passage of legislation that enables sectoral operations which is critical to mainstream climate change actions into various departments,
- 3) Approval of plans and policies for the management and exploitation of the County's resources,
- 4) Development and management of County infrastructure and institutions i.e the local climate change investments,
- 5) Review, discuss and debate the County program evaluation report on the performance of climate change duties within a reasonable time after the end of every financial year, and
- 6) Provide recommendations and proposed actions after reviewing, discussing and debating the County program evaluation report.

Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 under PART II—Administration establishes County Climate Change Steering Committee with County Executive Committee Members from finance and socio-economic departments being members while co-opting critical members of National Government departments including Kenya Meteorological Department.

4.1.6. Governance - Climate Change Planning Committees

Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 under PART II—Administration establishes the County and Ward Climate Change Planning Committee. The County Climate Change Planning Committee has key functions specified in the Act which include providing additional technical support where this is needed to improve the Ward Climate Change Planning Committees' proposals and organising inter-Ward meetings to review, refine and

collate proposals from Wards into a County Adaptation Plan. Further, the County Climate Change Planning Committee identifies county wide climate change needs and vulnerabilities in addition to preparing project proposals and submitting them to the County Climate Change Steering Committee for funding.

The Ward Climate Change Planning Committees established under the Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 are the central pillars towards the County's efforts to manage climate change impacts through local climate solutions. The Ward committees which consist of community representatives support County engagements with communities through among other roles holding consultative meetings with communities together with relevant government planners, agencies and local organisations Also, they are critical in conducting participatory livelihood and local economy resilience assessments.

4.1.7. Climate Information Services & Climate Data Access

Kenya's 2012 National Climate Change Adaptation Plan (NCCAP) recognizes the key role of improving climate information and services to strengthen the adaptive capacity of communities through 'providing farmers and pastoralists with climate change-related information, and mainstreaming climate change into agricultural extension services.' The NCCAP equally recognizes the vital importance of climate information services (CIS) to reduce 'vulnerability to disasters by using climate risk information in development planning and policy-making; taking into consideration that more than 70 per cent of natural disasters in Kenya are related to extreme climate events.

Kericho County through a multi-stakeholder approach developed and validated its Climate Information Services Plans. The Kericho County Climate Information Services Plan (KERCCISP) supports and complements existing local, county, national and global development plans and strategies. The plan supports the delivery of Climate Information Services that can support effective, timely, fit-for-use, and efficient decision-making that requires engagement among a wide range of stakeholders.

The County Government of Kericho under KERCISP provides leadership and coordination roles in CISP implementation and actualization which include the following:

- Ensure that development plans are informed by climate information and climate proofing done before their approvals and implementation,
- Shall promote community resilience to Climate change-related risks and disasters through references to climate data and information,

- Shall draw a design and plan to ensure observation networks are improved along the consideration of its lowest administrative units. Ward climate observation improvement programs,
- Shall mainstream CISP into CIDP and other county-relevant development plans and climate change Action Plans,
- Shall design climate information communication strategies that are aligned with the needs of every sector and groups in Kericho,
- Shall harness traditional forecasting knowledge from communities as part of preserving heritage,
- Shall use county climate change committees for climate information communication and early warning systems establishment, and
- Shall coordinate the implementation of all plans contained in the KERCCISP.

4.1.8. Resilience Planning Tools

Here are some commonly used resilience planning tools:

Risk and vulnerability assessments: These tools enable stakeholders to assess the risks and vulnerabilities faced by a system or community in the face of various hazards, such as climate change, natural disasters, or social disruptions. They help identify critical assets, analyse exposure, assess potential impacts, and understand vulnerabilities.

Scenario planning: Scenario planning tools facilitate the exploration of alternative future scenarios and their potential implications. Stakeholders can assess how different stressors or shocks might impact their systems or communities and develop strategies that can adapt to or thrive under different conditions.

Participatory mapping and GIS: Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and participatory mapping tools enable stakeholders to visualize and analyze spatial data related to hazards, vulnerabilities, and existing resources. These tools help identify areas of high risk, hotspots, or areas that need special attention in the planning process.

Resilience indicators and measurement frameworks: These tools provide metrics and indicators to assess the resilience of a system or community. They help stakeholders track progress, evaluate the effectiveness of interventions, and make data-driven decisions to enhance resilience.

Collaborative platforms and communication tools: These tools facilitate collaboration, information sharing, and stakeholder engagement. Online platforms, communication apps, and knowledge-sharing platforms enable stakeholders to exchange information, coordinate actions, and engage in participatory processes.

During implementation of this KCCCAP, the tools discussed above will be used so as to ensure planning and implementation is done successfully.

4.1.9. Measurement, Reporting and Verification (MRV)

The County Government of Kericho in its efforts to achieve its 2023-2027 climate change action plan objectives will strengthen and support a system for assessing progress towards local emission reduction targets and measuring the impact of actions in line with Kenya's NDC commitments. The systems will also help the County to identify best practices and celebrate success. Also, the systems will facilitate reporting that can be used to connect with communities, local stakeholders, and County and National actors and build support for future projects.

The secretariat established by the Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 and domiciled within the Department of Water, Environment, Forestry, Energy and Natural Resources is review of the Kericho County Climate Change Action Plan will be undertaken after 2 years utilising the MRV tools formulated for monitoring and evaluation of projects financed by the climate change fund. The review will utilise a multi-stakeholders approach engaging National and County actors as well as the private sector, academia, women, youth, and minority and marginalised groups. The MRV framework will contribute to County Integrated Monitoring and Evaluation systems in addition to building the national Measurement, Reporting and Verification framework.

4.1.10. Institutional Roles and Responsibilities

The County Government of Kericho will take a participatory role in the implementation of this Climate Change Action Plan. It will involve all organisations founded for religious, educational, professional, or social purposes whose efforts are to support the County Government in achieving its mandate towards climate change impact management. The following institutions with their roles and responsibilities shall be involved:

| | Institution | Roles and Responsibilities | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | National departments domiciled in Kericho County | Provide environment utilisation and management regulatory and coordination frameworks | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | Community Associations e.g WRUAs, CFAs, CSAs etc | Promote efficient natural resource usage and conservations. Act as a link between the community and technological dealers. | | | | | | | | | | |

| 3. | Learning and Research institutions and bodies e.g Kabianga University | Provide a platform for technological and innovation creation Controls the learning agenda for better climate change management. Avenue for capacity building actors on climate change impact management. |
|----|---|--|
| 4. | Private entities e.g banks | Resource mobilisation and leverage |
| 2. | Development partners working in the County | Capacity building Resource mobilisation |
| 5. | Faith based organisation at local and county level | Community members mobilizations |
| 6. | Public Benefits Organizations | Community members mobilizations |
| 9. | Conservatory associations and alliances | Community members' mobilizations |

TABLE 4: INSTITUTIONAL PLAYERS IN CLIMATE CHANGE ACTION IMPLEMENTATION

4.2. Implementation and Coordination Mechanisms

4.2.1. Directorate of Climate Change

The Directorate of climate change under the County Department of Water, Energy, Forestry, Environment and Natural Resources is responsible for the overall coordination of the implementation of this County Climate Change Action Plan. This also includes reporting County-level actions to the National Department of Environment and Climate Change through the County assembly.

4.2.2 County Climate Change Planning Committee

The County Climate Change Planning Committee established under Kericho County Climate Change Act, 2021 manages the local climate actions efforts through:

- 1) Review prioritised and sequence projects submitted by Ward Climate Change Planning Committees based on the criteria,
- 2) Provide additional technical support where this is needed to improve the Ward Climate Change Planning Committees' proposals,
- 3) Organise inter-ward meetings to review, refine and collate proposals from wards into a Climate Adaptation Plan,
- 4) Based on the approved criteria, approve the proposals,

- 5) Forward the approved project proposals to County Climate Change Steering Committee through the Fund Administrator for validation and funding, and
- 6) Identify County wide climate change needs and vulnerabilities, prepare project proposals and submit them to the County Climate Change Steering Committee for funding.

4.3 Implementation Matrix

| Specific | Strategic | Activity | Location | Outco | Indicator | Target | Time | Key | Source | Indicative Budget (KES | | | | | S |
|----------|------------|-----------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|------|--------|----------|------------------------|----------|----|----|----|----|
| Sector | Objectives | | | me | S | groups | fram | actors | of | | million) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | е | | funds | То | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
| | | | | | | | | | | tal | /2 | /2 | /2 | /2 | /2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Forestr | То | Nature | County | Enhanc | No. of | Youth | July | CGK, | CGK, | 25 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| У | enhance | bamboo | Wide | ed | bamboo | and | 202 | KFS, | KFS, | | | | | | |
| | tree cover | and | | Increas | seedlings | wome | 4- | NGOs | CSOs,Pr | | | | | | |
| | and | bamboo | | e tree | planted. | n | june | , | ivate & | | | | | | |
| | protect | industry- | | cover, | No. | | 202 | CBO, | Develo | | | | | | |
| | water | planting, | | source | cooperat | | 7 | NGA | pment | | | | | | |
| | sources | propaga | | of | ives | | | 0 & | partners | | | | | | |
| | | tion, | | income | societies | | | Com | | | | | | | |
| | | growing, | | , | formed; | | | munit | | | | | | | |
| | | formatio | | | No. of | | | У | | | | | | | |
| | | n of | | | cottage | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | cooperat | | | industrie | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ives and | | | S | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | value | | | establish | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | addition | | | ed | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | through | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | cottage | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | industry | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | for | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | livelihoo | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | d | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | improve | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| ment and green jobs | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Plant 2,500 Ha of trees by nurturin g seedlings across institutio ns public spaces, conserva tion areas and other landscap es | County Wide | Increas ed tree covers across the county | Ha of trees planted | Youths & wome n | July 202 3- June 202 6 | CGK, KFS, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK,KF S,COS & Develo pment partners | 55 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 |
| Adopt assorted fruit tree cover approac h and | County wide | Increas ed tree cover, improv ed house | No. of fruit trees distribut ed; No of | Elderly , Wome n ,youth | July 202 4- June 202 6 | CGK, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & | CGK &Devel opment partners | 45 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |

| Planting of other trees of economi c value for househo ld income through value addition | | hold income | Househo Ids benefite d | and PWD | | Com munit y | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|--|--|------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| Impleme nt on farm agro forestry practices : Train farmers on agrofore stry, Farm woodlot s like Bamboo , Fruit trees | County Wide | Increas ed tree covers throug h integra tion of trees with crops | No. of farmers trained agro forestry No. of househol ds practicin g agro forestry | Farmer | July 202 4- June 202 6 | CGK, WEEF NR, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 20 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

| | | Establish seed collection, processing and packaging center for women and youth owned enterprises | Londiani | Enhanc ed seeds sources for tree nurseri es establis hment and create emplo yment | No. of seeds collection centers established; No. of persons employed | Wome n Youths & PWD | July 202 4- June 202 5 | CGK, KFS, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|----------------------------|--|--|----------------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Establish assorted tree nurseries (indigen ous, commer cial and fruits) | County Wide | Increas ed tree cover and green Job Creatio n | No. of tree nurseries establish ed, No. of persons employe d | Youths & wome n, PWD | July 202 4- june 205 2 | CGK, KFS, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 25 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Environ ment ♮ al | To protect and conserve ecologicall | Mapping , Gazette ment and | County Wide | Enhanc ed wetlan d protect | No. of wetlands protecte d and | Count y residen ts | Jul y 202 3- july | CGK, NEM A, NGOs | CGK, Private & Develo | 10 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| resourc | y sensitive ecosystems | protecti on of Wetland s | | ion and conser vation | conserva tion | | 7 | CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | pment partners | | | | | | |
|---------|--|--|----------------|--|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|----|---|---|
| | | Removal and replace ment of eucalypt us species in riparian areas with indigeno us tree and bamboo species | County wide | Enhanc ed protect ion and conser vation of riparia n areas | No of Km Restored | Count y residen ts | July 202 3- july 202 7 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK & Develo pment partners | 25 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| | To promote sustainable waste manageme nt | Setting up waste recovery facility(MRF) to promote segregati on, re- | County wide | Enhanc ed waste manag ement, Job creatio n | no of waste initiative s adopted | Youth and wome n Group | July 202 4- july 202 7 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & | CGK &Devel opment partners | 20 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |

| | use and compost ing of wastes in major towns | | | | | | Com munit y | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|---|--------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Waste & faucal sludge manage ment Project-transfor ming faucal sludge from sewerag e system and private septic to fuel to improve sanitatio n and support clean cooking in low | Kericho town | Emplo yment creatio n, Enhanc ed waste manag ement and improv e liveliho ods | No. of persons employe d | Youth and wome n Group s in urban centers | July 202 4- June 202 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 4 | 2 | 2 | O | 0 | 0 |

| | | income areas | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|---|-------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Water | To enhance water availability | Augmen tation and reticulati on of existing water supply projects | County wide | To ensure access to adequa te and quality water supply | No. of househol ds covered | Count y residen ts, School s and Health facilitie s | July 202 4- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 80 | 20 | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Construction of intake works, sumps, rising/gravity main, storage tanks, distributi on pipe lines and water | County wide | To ensure access to adequa te and quality water supply | No. of househol ds covered | Count y residen ts, School s and Health facilitie s | July 202 3- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 73 | 23 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 10 |

| points/Ki osks | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|---|---|
| Impleme nt spring protecti on projects along springs that are majorly sources of drinking water | County wide | Enhanc ed water quality and improv ed spring protect ion | No. of protecte d springs | Count y residen ts | | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 30 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Review of Kericho county master plan to mainstre am climate S | County wide | sustain ability of water resourc e and adequa te and quality water is supplie d | No of plans develop ed | CGK, Develo pment Partner | July 202 3- june 202 4 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Increase rain water harvestin g at househo Id, commun ity and institutio n level with varied water storage technolo gies; diversify options for water supply and expand current sources | County wide | To enhanc e water harvest ing and storage | No. of Water Harvesti ng and storage infrastru cture installed | CGK, Develo pment Partner s | July 202 3- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
|---|----------------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Solarisati on of borehole s/Sumps | County wide | To Integra te green | No of Borehole s/Sumps Solarised | CGK, Develo pment | July 202 3- june | CGK, NEM A, NGOs | CGK &Devel opment partners | 30 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |

| | and replacing electricit y powered pumps for sustainab ility of | | solutio ns into the water supply system | | Partner s | 202 8 | , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|---|---|
| | access Drill borehole s in hydrolo gically undergr ound water abundan t areas. | County wide | To ensure access to adequa te and quality water supply | No of Borehole s Drilled and Equippe d | CGK, Develo pment Partner | July 202 3- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 30 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| | Support the digging of shallow wells to diversify water | County wide | To ensure access to adequa te and quality water supply | No. of well dug | CGK, Develo pment Partner s | July 202 3- june 202 6 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com | CGK &Devel opment partners | 15 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0 |

| sources and use | | | | | | munit y | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|----|---|----|----|---|
| Set up water pans to harvest rain and surface run off for househo ld use and small- scale irrigatio n | Kipkelion East, Kipkelion West & Soin/Sigowe t | To enhanc e water harvest ing and storage | No of pans construct ed reticulat ed and desilted | CGK, Develo pment Partner | July 202 3- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 35 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Train water Manage ment committ ees | County wide | Impro ved manag ement of rural water scheme | No. of Trained Water manage ment committ ees | Count y residen ts | July 202 5- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 6 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |

| Improvem ent of water quality | Construct water treatment works to improve quality of raw water supply | wide | Access to adequa te and quality water supply improv ed | No of Water Treatme nt construct ed | Count y residen ts | July 202 3- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 30 | | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------|--|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|----|---|---|
| | Enhance water treatmen t options at househo ld levels – locally manage d solutions where access to treated schemes is limited | County wide | Access to adequa te and quality water supply improv ed | No. of Househo Ids with treated water | Count y residen ts | July 202 3- june 202 8 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 25 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |

| Energy | Improve | Promote | County | Impro | No. of | Count | July | CGK, | CGK | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|--------|-----------|------------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | access to | the | wide | ved | househol | У | 202 | NEM | &Devel | | | | | | |
| | clean and | Adopt | | uptake | ds using | Reside | 3- | A, | opment | | | | | | |
| | green | improve | | of | improve | nts | june | NGOs | partners | | | | | | |
| | energy | d | | clean | d Jikos, | | 202 | , | | | | | | | |
| | sources | cooking | | and | No of | | 9 | CBO, | | | | | | | |
| | | stoves, | | renew | cooking | | | NGA | | | | | | | |
| | | training | | able | stoves | | | 0 & | | | | | | | |
| | | of | | energy | distribut | | | Com | | | | | | | |
| | | installati | | | ed | | | munit | | | | | | | |
| | | on | | | | | | У | | | | | | | |
| | | artisans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | promoti | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | on of | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | alternati | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ve | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | sources | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | of clean | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | energy | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | e.g | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | biogas | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | briquette | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | s (from | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | coffee | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | husks | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | sugarcan | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | е | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | bagasse) and other low carbon cooking materials | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|----------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| Roads public works and infrastr ucture | To ensure Climate Proof and resilient projects | Incorpor ate climate change impacts in planning and design resilient infrastru cture e.g homes, business | County wide | reduce d impact s of climate change impact s on the infrastr ucture | No. of climate proof projects | Count y residen ts | July 202 6- june 203 0 | CGK, NEM A, NGOs , CBO, NGA O & Com munit y | CGK &Devel opment partners | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Agricult ure | To Improve animal production and food security | Build farmers capacity on modern animal husband ry/ keeping | County wide | Improved animal produc tivity and enhanc ed food | No.of farmers groups and cooperat ives trained | Dairy cooper atives societi es | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 15 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| approaches including dairy farming, biogas enhance ment and organic farming | | securit y. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------|-----|----|----|----|----|---|---|
| Introduc e rearing of drought resistant livestock breeds like dairy goat farming and sheep by distributi on through farmer cooperat ives and | County Wide | To preserv e indigen ous genetic resourc e | number of livestock procured | Farmer s groups , Coope ratives societi es & Youth groups | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 55 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 5 | 5 |

| organize d youth groups and training on value addition , fodder conserva tion and climate adaptabi lity of the same | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| Support Farmers on improve d and diversify fodder varieties and animal feed formulat ion to reduce on cost of | County Wide | Reduce d Cost of animal feeds produc tion, increas ed milk volum es produc ed, food securit | Cost of feeds reduction | Farmer s groups , Coope ratives societi es | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 15 | 4 | 5 | 6 | O | O |

| producti on, efficienc y, increase climate adaptati on and mitigatio n | | y and reduce d nutriti onal deficie ncy | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|------|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| Introduc e apiaries and honey processi ng to farmers by setting up value chain activities , providin g beehives and capacity building | County Wide | Enhanced quality and quantity honey production and diversification of farming and exhaustunused and unpro | No. of bee hives procured, no of farmers practicin g bee keeping and no of apiaries establish ed | bee keepin g farmer s and starters | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 25 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

| on honey processi ng and exploitat ion of by- products , packagin g branding and marketin g | | ductive land and increas e pollina tion | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| Support farmer Coopera tives to set up milk value addition s e.g mursik, cheese, yogurt & ghee | Ainamoi and Belgut subcounties | to value add 40,000 milk produc ed daily | No. of litres value added | Kabian ga cooper ative society | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 25 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

| То | Adopt | Soin/Sigowe | increas | No. of | farmer | July | ALCM | CGK | 41 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 4 | 4 |
|------------|--------------------|-------------|---------|-----------|--------|------|------|-----|----|---|----|----|---|---|
| Improve | high | t, Ainamoi, | е | cooperat | s and | 202 | | | | | | | | |
| crop | value | Kipkelion | adopti | ive | farmer | 3- | | | | | | | | |
| production | fruits | west | on of | formed | groups | july | | | | | | | | |
| and food | utilizing | &Kipkelion | value- | and | | 202 | | | | | | | | |
| security | a whole | East Sub | added | establish | | 7 | | | | | | | | |
| | value | Counties | produc | ed | | | | | | | | | | |
| | chain | | ts to | processi | | | | | | | | | | |
| | approac | | increas | ng | | | | | | | | | | |
| | h | | е | plants, | | | | | | | | | | |
| | through | | househ | no of | | | | | | | | | | |
| | formatio | | old | farmers | | | | | | | | | | |
| | n of | | income | trained | | | | | | | | | | |
| | cooperat | | | on value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ives, | | | addition, | | | | | | | | | | |
| | capacity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | building, | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | propaga tion of | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | fruits | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | seedlings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | seedings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | , processi | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ng plants | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | for juice, | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | extract | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | and dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | snacks | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | e.g for | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | pawpaw | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | , mango, passion fruits, avocado and plantain Promote | County | То | no of | farmer | July | ALCM | CGK | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|--|--|------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|------|-----|---|---|---|---------|------|---|
| | use of climate informat ion at all levels by leveragi ng Informat ion Commu nication and Technol ogy | wide | increas e access to agricult ural inform ation | farmers adopting to ICT in sourcing climate informat ion | s, farmer groups and cooper ative | 202 3- july 202 7 | | | | | | | | |
| | Introduc e househo ld water efficient gardenin g technolo gies | Countywide | to increas e househ old food securit y | No of farmers trained on water harvestin g and kitchen garden | farmer s and farmer groups | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0. 5 | 0. 5 | 0 |

| | | includin g vertical vegetabl es farming | | | technolo gies | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Establish an organic fertilizer unit with organize d common interest groups | Kipkelion East and Ainamoi Subcounties | to promo te use of organic fertilize r and availab ility | fertilizer unit establish ed | farmer s and farmer groups | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Fisherie s | Aquacultur e promotion | Introduc tion of fish farmer cooperat ives by supporti ng on construct ion of fish bonds, distributi | Countywide | Increas e fish availab ility for consu mption | no. of fingerlin gs and palletize machine s distribut ed | fish farmer s | July 202 3- july 202 7 | ALCM | CGK | 10 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

| on of fish fingerlin gs, fish feeds, establishi ng of feeds pelletizin g machine and value addition s. | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---------|---|-----------|----|
| | | | | | 19 4 | 226.5 | 113 .5 | 31 |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: BURETI CLUSTER: 10 WARD WARD VENUE: HIEIN SOCIAL HALL
CHEBOIN

DATE: 12th May 2023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----|-------------|---------------------|
| /1. | RICHARD RONGIT | 0326357 | COMMUNITY | KADSOCUT | M | 67 | 0723000470 | Mand2 |
| /2. | DAVID ROTICE | | LV | ^ - | M | 62 | 0720497517 | A . |
| _3. | CHEPKEMA CAROLIN | | | • | 7 | 34 | 1552027170 | 111022 |
| 4.4 | CHEMUIN JUDIH | | | 1147506ut | F | 35 | 0757141667 | ₽ ~ |
| | Try CHEPILIZUI | | Touth | CHEBOW | F | 26 | 020012784 | V224000 - 100 - 110 |
| | NHOM: SIGH | | Community | KUDIELE | F | 38 | 0108 633168 | 41 |
| 7. 1 | SANG ALLMON | 24657948 | MEN | CHEBOIN | M | 37 | 0720792760 | 0 '- |
| | BETT PATRICK | 24412199 | obo | CHESON | M | 37 | 0720792764 | |
| 9 | LEORNARD SANCE | 20917210 | PHD | KADS04U7 | M | 42 | 07025899 | . KOD |
| 10. | Veronca Gauto | 13012/056 | Woman' | Kopsegut | 5 | 40 | 07123739 | कह्मप्र ४ |
| 11. | | | | ` | | | | |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | 1.0 |
| 14. | | | | | | | | |
| 15. | | | | | | | | |





SUBCOUNTY: BORETI CLUSTER: 10 WARD LITEIN VENUE: LITEIN SOCIAL HALL
DATE: 12 May 2023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------|-----|-------------|-----------|
| 1.4 | Gentfren Muti | 230 17283 | Business | Litein | M | 47 | 0725-554940 | Cife |
| | Richard K-Lauga | | | Ngesumin | M | | 071088473 | 6 Stans |
| 3. | TIMOTH 461540 | 21810434 | Spiritual L. | 47500 | N | 44 | 0728555073 | (|
| 4. | DENNIS CHIRCHIA | 37932427 | Youth | Ngermin | M | 24 | 0717021143 | (PC) |
| 5. | LILV CHERAMGO | 12927667 | women | Chebwaggan | + | 45 | 0712864906 | |
| 6. 🗸 | Meder Kichenin | +0323928 | Mon | Cholavagan | M | 65 | 072644704 | |
| 7. | Paris Sti | 073350 | Community | Ngeaunin | _ M | 61 | 07333561 | |
| 8. | Winny C. Ngotia | 26084209 | MAMON J | NERSUMIN | E | 45 | 0727230 | 75 My |
| 9. | Kingeno hillary | 33292485 | Touth | chebwage - | M | 27 | 07140820 | |
| 10. | Mercy chepkini | 36413759 | 000 | Literi | F | 24 | 0711801360 | 1. / |
| 11 | Loseph Jony | 3847363 | Comm | Ngemman | M | 50 | 0768345313 | |
| 12. | CHARLES ROP | 1088792 | CB0 | CHESWAGAN | M | 50 | 072350931 | |
| 13. | THEREETH TANKS | , | iDomen: | Herri | F | 90 | 07 | XX |
| 14. | | | | 1 | 8 | | | |
| 15. | | | | | | | | |





SUBCOUNTY: BURET! CLUSTER: 10 WARD KAPKATET VENUE: LITEIN SOCIAL HALL DATE: 12th May 2023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | RUTTO ALFRED | 22417163 | MEN | CHEMOIBEN | MAGE | 41 | 0717569041 | 125 |
| 2. | 104CE LANGE | | WOMEN | CHEMOIBER | FEMALE | 42 | 0710801344 | 56 |
| 3. | | 314176714 | PHD | HAPHATET | MALE | 31 | 0786189138 | |
| 4. | | 30235440 | YOUTH | KAPKATET | MALE | 28 | 079211169 | BOCK |
| 5. | Denis Kipyegon | | Tooth | Kankatet | Male | 24 | 0704983841 | ₹5. |
| 6. | Godion Kipotid | | Touths | kaptatet | Male | 27 | 07068870 | |
| 7. | Penina Chemicana | | Women | Kapkater | Kmale | 35 | 075710100 | Class |
| 8. | PD BENARD MUT | | Men paster | Karkada | Male | | 07255716 | |
| 9. | | 34765236 | Women | Chemor ben | remale | 25 | 0703677730 | |
| 10. | Kipkuech Denis | 39364476 | Staff (en office) | Kapkalel | Male | 21 | 0707238455 | tube |
| 11. | Robert K. Konr | 071535500 | 1 35914367 | Chemolben | Male | 26 | 15355 92 | B |
| 12. | PLIZABETH TAKAM | 1762507 | ELDEL | Chemolben | Female | 72 | 0705444745 | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | |
| 14. | | | | () () | | | | |
| 15. | | | | | | No. | | |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: BURET! CLUSTER: 19 WARD CHEPLANGET VENUE: LITEN SOCIAL HALL
DATE: 117 May 2023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|--------|-----|--------------|-----------|
| 1. | ARON LANG | AT 2751463 | Commity | Chaplana | Male | 28 | 0726740136 | |
| 2. | 1 1 11 1 | 1 1/000 2913881 | DAIM | No Manapt | nale | 31 | 0719491241 | - HINHWAS |
| 3. | DIANA CHERONO | 11119 | Women Ro | Choplanget | Female | 28 | 0708915229 b | CO |
| 4. | ESISON K ROHOY | | DWh | TECHORET | MALE | 31 | 0723261671 | Party |
| 5. | Wer Mui | | Youth RA | TECHOGY T | MALL | 30 | 0729155025 | things. |
| 6. | CAREN CHEB | | WOMEN REP | MOBET | FEMALE | 28 | 0799647625 | ar. |
| 7. | SAVIL 1605 | | | TEURGES | MAG | 47 | 0720726368 | |
| 8. | SILVETTOR KI | GEN 29138183 | C-B.O. | CHECKANGET | MALE | 32 | 0714490993 | |
| 9. | SAMONY LA | MGHT 2316693 | a pastor | Tintal mot | | | 07263591 | |
| 10. | BRIAN L | NGAT 36708145 | 1 YOUTH | TECHO CRET | MHE | 26 | 07/6300963 | VEGO |
| 11. | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | |
| 14. | | | | | | | | |
| 15. | | | | | | | | |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: KOIN KIGOWET CLUSTER: 9 WARD KIGOWET VENUE: KIPTERE YOUTH POLYTECHNIC

DATE: 12/05/2043

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|--------|-----|-------------|----------------|
| 1. | JOEL K. SANG | 11430448 | Community | Kebeneti | M | 52 | 0112415189 | |
| 2. | KIPICOECH CHERNIA | | | CHEPTUTHET | M | 149 | 072502873 | mapl o |
| | MARITIM UTAL | | Comm/ gate holder | KEBGNETI | ni | 44 | 0725974630 | |
| 4. | DAYSY CHENUTA | | HONES REP | KIPTERE | F | 35 | 0727807169 | |
| 5. | 11.71.1.7 | か もれもかかすのプ | | ILIEBENETI | F | 37 | OZSTSKIIFO | Dorto De |
| 6. | CHEPKEMOI LILIA | | CBO | KARKERE | F | 46 | 0710222052 | Pu |
| 7. | REUBEN CHARCHA | | AGRICULIVE | South Gover | M | 47 | 7771808670 | |
| 8. | Hillary Kiplangal | | | Rheptmyet | m | 27 | 09254792519 | |
| 9. | Trecessor Isalian | | | 1 | | | | S. P. Carlotte |
| 10. | | | | | | | | |
| 11. | | | | | | | | 45 |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | |
| 14. | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 15. | | | | | | | | |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: COIN TIGOWE CLUSTER: 9 WARD KAPLELARTET VENUE: KIPTERE YOUTH POLY TECHNIC DATE: 12/05/2023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|--------------------|----------|--------------|-------------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | HENRYK SAMBU | 3877960 | STAKE | KAPLELARIET | M | 88 | 0722837689 | MA enter |
| 2. | Arnul Kimop teron | 30356351 | touth | Kaplelantst | M | 89 | 0790135621 | (B) |
| 3. | ROHALD KIPRUTO | | DWD | KAPLELARTET | M | 35 | 0723575098 | Rein |
| 4. | KIBET CHARLES WELL | | COMMUNITY | KAPLELARTET | M | 39 | | STAC |
| 5. | BETT K. GEOFFRET | | CBO's CSO's | KAPLELARTET | M | 25 | 0710328174 | |
| 6. | CHELANCE PONOH | 110 | Homer | KAPLCLARTET | F | 35 | 0728258700 | 60. |
| 7. | | 21727452 | STAKEHOLDER | KAHONGWET | F | 40 | 0715720752 | Familto. |
| 8. | FURICAH CHEDNOFIN | 27419651 | COMMUNET RED | KAHONGWET | F | 32 | 0727622489 | euricau |
| 9. | | 12751909 | RELIGIOUS | KAPLERARTET | M | 52 | 07294438EE | Billiound |
| 10. | | | | | | | | |
| 11. | | | | | | | | |
| 12. | | | | all I | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | |
| 14. | | | | | | | | |
| 15. | | / | | | | | | |







ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: BELGUT CLUSTER: 9 WARD WALDAI VENUE: KIPTERE YOUTH POLYTECHNIC

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | FEMIN CHEROMO | 243 24794 | COMMITTE | KAPTOBOITI | F | 37. | 0708183584 | |
| 2. | | 1638756 | COMPLETEE | CAOPROIC | F | 49. | 0701219650 | 1 |
| 3. | | | Committee | | FM | 36 | 072902857 | |
| 4. | JOSEAH SURUM | | CBO | KAPTOBOITI | M | 60 | 0724412005 | |
| 5. | | | COMMITTEE | · · |) M | 60 | 0722460258 | THE IS |
| 6. | JXLLERY CHERONC | 25/62675 | DEGMENTOLIS | MANSH | F | 34. | 01/04/2018 | Hars. |
| 7. | Riprotich Louis Rono | 33250939 | Youth Rep | LATA KAPTOBOLTI | M | 26 | 0704624087 | Dies 1 |
| 8. | CHESTING NGENT | 21932715 | COMMITTEE | 505107 | F | 42 | 072851678 | AST . |
| 9. | | Î | | 7 | | | | |
| 10. | | | | | | | 4 | |
| 11. | | | | | · · | | | |
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| 13. | | | | | | | | |
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ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY (ACC KINSMUM SOF

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | Chepkini Tonia | 27959311 | Member | Kakiptuí | F | 33 | 0715775439 | Aw. |
| 2. | KIDROND PETIERION | 29486832 | Manber | KIPKOITAN | M | 33 | 0707634566 | Pagin |
| 3. | CHERKURUI MYUREEN | 27160656 | Member | KIPKOITM | Ŧ | 33 | D192841583 | man a |
| 4. | 0.1 | 34976840 | | KIDRUIYAN | F | 23- | 0792252759 | 1 |
| 5. | BENSON 100 | 26116673 | MEMBIER | KAPSUSIZA | in | 37 | 0796031322 | A.S. |
| 6. | Feldin Henrei | 21901020 | Member | Kakipui | M | 43 | 072314876 | 15 WHITE |
| 7. | JOSERH MARKTIM | 20116246 | member | KIPKOYAH | M | 43. | 0708720048 | Ari |
| 8. | ROBINSON K RUGUT | | member | KIPKOWAN | M | 39 | 0726640896 | Much |
| 9. | HEDUITUT KENNETH | | Member | KIPKOSAN | M | 33 | 0726345086 | DOCK . |
| 10. | | | | | | 20 | | 187 |
| 11. | | | | | ď J | | | |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | |
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ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: ANAMA) CLUSTER: WARD KAPSOIT VENUE: AGC KIPSAMOMENT.

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-------------------|---|---------------|------------|--------|-----|-------------|-----------|
| 1. | NAHSHON LUBB | 22897429 | EXPERI | CHERKOINIK | MARE | 38 | 0721444616 | TKBOT |
| 2. | Romeri Too | 30036033 | | KENFLUUT | muhe | 35 | 0723604330 | DK9 . |
| 3. | DAGA LANGAT | 22973784 | | KENFOUT | MALE | 43 | 0727068721 | Down. |
| 4. | KIPNGEND ISAAC | | HTUOY | KETITUI | MALE | 31 | 0719213998 | |
| 5. | Ordeon 1 Livni | | Expent. | Telamel. | Male- | 41 | 0114 892279 | |
| 6. | Tolco Koskey | | WONIEN GERLUD | Oblacia | Female | 41 | 0708 910363 | |
| 7. | JOICE LANGAT | 31852545 | | STIOTWET | FEMALE | 28 | 07-0698418 | 368 |
| | | 24212640 | | KIBOYBET | MALE | 37 | 072260339 | Acuarity |
| 9. | Revicharles Mutal | 1 | Reverend | KARSOIT | MALE | 51 | 0715311940 | avula |
| 10. | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | | | | |
| 11. | | | | | | | | |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
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| ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL | ATTENDANCE SHEET | FOR | THE PCRA | & CCAP | DATA | COLLECTION | AT THE | WARD LEVEL |
|--|------------------|-----|----------|--------|------|------------|--------|------------|
|--|------------------|-----|----------|--------|------|------------|--------|------------|

SUBCOUNTY: Anames CLUSTER: WARD Anama VENUE: VEC KIRSAMUNGUT

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|--------|-----|-------------|-----------|
| 1. | COLLINS KIPLANGAT | 36928833 | | AINAMOL | M | 26 | 074105208 | CH |
| 2. | Abraael Cherono Bis | 031453133 | | AMANNI | F | .28 | 6708633430 | 17 |
| 3. | ACINES CHEPNIFING | 13103908 | WOMEN | AINAMOI | E | 48 | 0724097433 | |
| 4. | FANCT MUTAI | 38673623 | | ALNAMOI | F | 24 | 079162731 | |
| 5. | BIEGON KIPROND BIEGON | 14439179 | FBD | ALLIAMOL POTTER | a M | 46 | 0726940484 | |
| 6. | - | 20249722 | PWD | ATNAMOI | \sim | 148 | 0722158007 | |
| 7. | CLOLLINS BII | 2919/60) | | AINAMOI | M | 32 | 0796965790 | Bin. |
| 8. | GROFFREY ROP | 23423.554 | | ANAMOI | M | 39 | 0729730871 | DROS- |
| 9. | Tride on Lapkomo | | Youth | Anvanoi | M | 24 | D72244 9780 | to. |
| 10. | Hillary Yegon | - II | 680 | AINAMOI | m | 34 | 077213833L | |
| 11. | 700 | | / | /* | | | | - |
| 12. | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | |
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ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: AINAMOI CLUSTER: WARD KIPCHIMCHIM VENUE: AGC KIPJAMUGUT

DATE: 12-05-2023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-------------------|----------|---------------|-----------|--------|-----|------------|------------|
| 1. | TOSEPH KOECH | 4748535 | COMMUNITY REP | TOWNSHIP | M | 62 | 0725466809 | 4 |
| 2. | NOAH K KOSKEP | 27090389 | TOUTH REP | TOWNSHIP | N | 33 | 0718312432 | NES |
| 3. | GABRIEL K. KOSKEI | 30999757 | COMMUNITY REP | AWAMOI | M | 30 | 0770912897 | |
| 4. | LILY FELICITY | 24178638 | | AINAMO | F | 37 | 0726252324 | B 2 |
| 5. | FLORAH LILONI | 13269079 | WOMEN REP | AMAMOI | ~ | 50 | 0711660596 | Frost |
| 6. | SIMON YEGON | 5452294 | - V. Elder | Amamoi | M | 61 | 0711124362 | Lyegos |
| 7. | | 28868342 | COMMUNITY | MINAMOI | F | 34 | 0724951766 | Exer. |
| 8. | | 12750281 | CLERCY | ANAMOI | M - | 46 | 0724046304 | (Plano |
| 9. | Chepkemoi HERMA | 1 | pWb | Township | F | 31 | 0729407825 | N |
| 10. | CHEPNGEND SCHM | | 080 | Angmoi | F | 46 | 0788759448 | D |
| 11. | AANIS RUTO | 10543072 | CSO | JOWNS WIP | 2 | 5-4 | 0722584511 | 0 |
| 12. | CHERVITOT PATRICE | 29927314 | 40014 | MHMMOI | M | 30 | 0707519914 | 935- |
| 13. | STANLEY KIRUI | 11798234 | CONMUNITY | ANAM DI | N | 49. | 072275113 | 1 |
| 14. | | | | | | | | |
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SUBCOUNTY: BATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: VENUE: CLUSTER: WARD KUNGAL VENUE: CLUSTER: TCT CENTER:

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------|-----|-------------|-----------|
| 1. | KIPKOECH FRETTRICH | 29518498 | COMMETTEE | KAPKWEN | MALE | 31 | 0729599013 | (Pa) |
| 2. | DAVID KIPTEGON ROND | | Compile Tree | KAPKOPOS | MARE | 56 | 0710479789 | NO. |
| 3. | EMMACULATE CHTPXGOD | | Committel | KAPKUR OS | FEMALE | 30 | 0708 CUNTIA | (Spart) |
| 4. | | 32780033 | COMMITEE | KAPKWEN | FEMALE | 27 | 0743035787 | |
| 5. | PAUL KORCH | | Committee | KUNTAK | MALE | 44 | 0700788049 | Brouch |
| 6. | CHEPKOECH GAROLINE | 28424789 | COMMITTEE | KAPKWEN | FEMALE | 30 | 0715975072 | |
| 7. | FRANCE V. ROS | | PARMITTEE | KAPKOROS | 2 MM | 55 | 071079366 | 100 BP |
| 8. | AREN L. MARUS | | Committee | KAPKEMOI-KUMI | c M | 46 | 0724399079 | * for |
| 9. | Fredrick Borse | 2718 2547 | Commitee | CHEMANA | M | 36 | 07/48/3608 | Bentari |
| 10. | | | | 30 | | | | |
| 11. | | | | | | | | |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | |
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UBCOUNTY: REFERENCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL
UBCOUNTY: REFERENCE CLUSTER: WARD Childle VENUE: Clubble ICT Center

DATE: 1210512023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | Wilson Cherry | 711206550 | 6 | 5165 | M | 51 | 07209319 | 79 XH |
| 2. | Julius Kiloz | 23497456 | | KIPIGRIS | M | 39 | 070356604 | 8 June |
| 3. | Caroline Chemulai | 29746087 | 9 | CHILCHILA | F | 29 | 0708886207 | |
| 4. | Lidia chepkoech | 32.433383 | | citerkecitei | F | 29 | 07142079 | |
| 5. | KUPFOP MARITIM | 28539942 | | 51 wo 7 | M | 31 | 070378286 | -K=- |
| 6. | CHELONGAL ASheta | 32612404 | | Toroton. | F | 27 | 0727879370 | 8 |
| 7. | KIPTOB CHERVITOT | 22343734 | | KOKWET | m | 50 | 0714804152 | |
| 8. | BIRGEN RHIMINE | 38103481 | | SIWOT | 2 | 22 | 0111251114 | BQ_ |
| 9. | KIPPOTICH WEILEY | 27864707 | | attleatica | 2 | 33 | 0718743354 | |
| 10. | Benard Tams | 26095945 | | Toroton | M | 32 | 0711711001 | BKD. |
| 11. | | | | 1. | | | | |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
| 13. | | | | | | | | No. |
| 14. | | | | | | | ľ | |
| 15. | | | | | | | | |





SUBCOUNTY: KAR CLUSTER: WARD KARAK KAMACAL VENUE: LONG S-90 11

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|---------------------|----------|----------------|-----------|--------|-----|------------|----------------------|
| 1. | VINCENT ICIBET | 25440841 | Community Dury | KEDOWA | MACE | 34 | 6722619119 | , Dany |
| 2. | | | | \wedge | | 1 | | X 4 |
| 3. | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Nelson KEMBOI | 28844313 | ELECTES | KENOWA | MALE | 33 | 073596300 | |
| 5. | | 2845573D | ELGCTED | KIDGASIAN | FEMALE | | 0727687110 | biline to the second |
| 6. | SANDRA CHEPKIRUI | | Elected | Kinggul | female | 24 | 0797226797 | die |
| - | | 11078414 | | 1(GDOWA | female | 50 | 0726507304 | |
| 8. | | 1753848 | ELECIED | LONDIANI | MALE | 59 | 0721217803 | (S) |
| 9. | EMMY CHEROP | 22481251 | Ele Ctccl | KBDOWA | Female | 43 | 0724392839 | |
| 10. | 0 | 30837720 | Electrod | KINEMIT | Mate | 35 | D704417818 | |
| 11. | PHILIP KIPROND MUGE | | Elected (PHD) | KEDOWA | MARE | 50 | 0727729604 | Drunge |
| 12. | JIM K. MUTA | 1771.311 | PASTORIGLECTE | O KEDOWA | PARLE | 64 | 0727358753 | Aug |
| 13. | | | L | | | 17 | | |
| 14. | | | 199 | | | | | |
| 15. | | | | | | | | |





SUBCOUNTY: LONDIANI CLUSTER: LONDIANI WARD LONDIANI VENUE: LONDIANI TOWN HACL DATE: 12-5-2023

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|--------------------|----------|---------------|-------------|--------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. | SAMSEN CHEPKWAY | 2027/454 | CO-OP UNION | KIPSIRICHET | M | 45 | 0720565373 | Shopping |
| 2. | | | CBO | MASAITA | M | 65 | 0723772573 | Jake |
| 3. | 1000 | 366365K2 | peasant | LEMOTIT | M | 28 | 0715705708 | A COLOR |
| 4. | MART WANTIRU | 21986342 | farmers | MASAITA | £ | 45 | 0716308396 | |
| 5. | REUBEN KOHROCHR | 0868395 | pastor | TUNOBEL | M | 64 | 0722818277 | |
| 6. | Gladu chopchirchir | 23272164 | farmer | lemotit | F | 28 | 0712635498 | |
| 7. | NEENO BENARD | 23054916 | Byssiless ABY | KERSHRICHET | m | 42 | 0722482329 | Bigues |
| 8. | Violah C-Cherrixot | 21799706 | Farmer | KIPSITICHET | F | 42 | 0716554536 | Vis- |
| 9. | Collins Tanui | 30943226 | Tarcher | Kipstricket | M | 29 | 072465920 | Butto |
| 10. | | | | 7 3 | | olito III | | |
| 11. | | | | | | | | |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |
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SUBCOUNTY: Kutan Kat Cluster: WARD Tode of Swad VENUE: WORD Sould VENUE: WARD Tode of Swad VENUE

| S/NO | NAME | ID NO | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | CONTACT | SIGNATURE |
|------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------|--------|-----|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. | JOHN SIMOTWO | 23625514 | FIRTED | TENAENO | MALE | 41 | 0759919474 | |
| 2. | ANN WAITHERA | 30685999 | REPRESENTATIVE | TENDENO | FEMALE | 29 | 0799344106 | 200 |
| 3. | TITUS ROTICH | 28487616 | 40074 | BENDITAT | MACE | 32 | 0705623272 | 100 |
| 4. | MARITIM LINUS | 30899791 | DAIRY | KIPLOKY | MALE | 28 | 0701886344 | nthe 1 |
| 5. | PETER K. KAMAY | 11117851 | RELIGIOUS | SORGET | MALC | 51 | 07209178 | 6 REAS |
| 6. | MICHAEL MWANGI | 1750490 | CBO | CORGET | MALE | 63 | 07 2 16943 | |
| 7. | MILKAH WALLAGO | 14866430 | FOREST | SDRBET | FEMALE | 44 | 072228267 | auto. |
| 8. | TOAJH KIPLANGAY | 37499611 | DAIRY | KIPLOKYI | MALE | 24 | 07192105 | THAN |
| 9. | NICHOLAS KENBU | | PWAS | KIPLOKTI | MALE | 36 | 075907610 | · KID |
| 10. | | | | | | | | 7 |
| 11. | | | | · · | | | | |
| 12. | | 11: 12: 13: | | | | | | / |
| 13. | | | | a- | | | | |
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ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: CONTIGOURT CLUSTER: 5 WARD FOIN SOLIAT VENUE: FACK KIRSITET

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | BETT CHERUMOT BYNETO | 27850991 | Committee | KAITUI | MALE | 32 | 0727312605 | Outen/2. |
| 2. | KENEDY CHEPKWONY | 25241949 | Commissee | 122501 | mare | 37 | 0714574398 | photo |
| 3. | DAVL LELLIO | 11204613 | committee | SOLIA | MALE | 50 | 0727373122 | alh |
| 4. | BETST CHEPKIRU MAKIRU | 22624731 | Committee | SOLEAT | FEMALE | 47 | 672372676 | RS |
| 5. | CHEPKORIR JUDISH | 28473794 | STANGHOLDER | SOLIA | FEMALE | 34 | 0715238801 | OP. |
| 6. | BETT KURROP JOHATHAN | | Committe | डां की | MAUS | 45 | 672245454 | |
| 7. | Beatrice algumi fator | 251310692 | STAKEHOLDER | SOLIAT | FEMALE | 35 | 0725202367 | D53 |
| 8. | Josephine Chabet lions | | Committe | Solvat | Female | 50 | 0712406 | 28 |
| 9. | ROBERT KIPLOWERT | 3019.4139 | St OKEHAGIL | MARSSUT | MALE | 3 (| 0720391284 | far. |
| 10. | Ronoit -K. MILY | 22029180 | Comment (FE | KARKERERC | MACE | 391 | 0928755137 | 160 |
| 11. | | | - 1,1 | | | | | |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: COIN CLUSTER: 5 WARD COIN VENUE: FGCK KIRSITET

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------|--------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | 1 2 1 |
| 1. | Japhet Langar | 26445501 | COMMITTEE | SOIN | M | 33 | 0714378733 | Kus |
| 2. | PR. CHRIS KIPSIGET | 20285632 | CLERGY | KOITABUROT | M | 43 | 074247394 | 3 dungt |
| 3. | SIGEI JUSTA | 2236960 | COMMITTEE | SOIN | M | Az | 0710209007 | Ankgo |
| 4. | STANLEY SCHEKE | 12480940 | SIMLE HOLDER | Sound | M | 50 | CASIER ECFO | Duns |
| 5. | Viola Chenkemoi | 30125596 | STAKEHOLDER | SOIN | F | 29 | 0701735590 | 4 |
| 6. | CHEPTECION JOAN | 34562667 | COMMITTEE STAKEHULDER | KIPSITET | 1= | 28 | 0740187841 | 0 |
| 7. | TIEILIA MIBEI | 20814512 | TOMMITIE | KOTABUROT | F | 46 | 071145158 | Cha |
| 8. | CHEPTEGOH MAGIN | 33313148 | STAKEHOLDER | KOITABURGI | F | <i>5</i> 8 | 6141885666 | Ces |
| 9. | Robert Kipnopich | 25/892/3 | Committee | Sein | M | 36 | 0758153983 | |
| 10. | STONGER BARNABAS | 24504690 | Committee | Son | M | 38 | D72900461 | Amigha |
| 11. | JOSHUA NGENY | 8262461 | Slakhords | KOTTABUROT | 'n | B | 0726790631 | Dong |
| 12. | Kosoney CEMPAHUEL | 21644224 | .CTAKEHOLDER | SOM | W | 33 | 0724947987 | Try: |
| 13. | KIPNEGETICH BIEGON GDINGON | 273 66971 | SOTA CBBC | San | M | 34 | 8716元975 | 1 |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: KURKULON MET CLUSTER: WARD KAMASIAN VENUE: AGC KIPICELION

DATE: -05-2023

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|--------------------|----------|-------------|----------|--------|-----|-------------|-----------|
| 1. | JOSEPH TOO | 12916177 | COMMON | (LIPSE41 | MALE | 56 | 0723 831498 | A STATE |
| 2. | FRANCIS MUCIA | 1769933 | CBG REP | LILLacH | make | 66 | 8724989B) | Husas |
| 3. | SAMUEZ ON DIEKI | 11245402 | PASTOL | BOROWE | MART | 50 | 0711337026 | Mes |
| 4. | BEATRICE CHEPKEMOI | 21681635 | Nomen | TITTOCH | FEMALE | 44 | 0793067819< | Comb |
| 5. | DANIEL RELE | 24811755 | COMM | LILLOCH | MALE | 37 | 0726363756 | B |
| 6. | 0 | 23971396 | 40VTH RR | KAMAJIAG | MALE | 35 | 0726000111 | exect |
| 7. | | | | | | | | |
| 8. | | | | | | | | |



KIPKELION



DEPARTMENT OF WATER, ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: KIPKELON ACTUSTER: WARD KIPKELION VENUE: MIC KIPKELION

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|-----------------|----------|-----------|------------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| _, | ROSE MAHANE | 14438171 | WOMAN | BASIELE | FEMALE | 47 | 5721966447 | ala |
| 1. | KORIA EDWIN | 30968599 | COMMUNITY | MACHEISOK | MALE | 28 | 0713804242 | A |
| 2. | EDDY 708 | 1765455 | PASTOR | LESIRIO | FEMALE | 69 | 0722233298 | Ectos. |
| 3. | HENRY INYAMBULA | , | GROUPINGO | KIPCHORIAN | | 55 | 0728656710 | 14 |
| 4. | | 26342952 | | KALYET | MALE | 36 | 0720162983 | 70 |
| 5. | PASCAR BUSIENEI | 1765220 | PNI | MACHEISOK | MAGE | 62 | 0722/26291 | 中国 |
| 6. | GEOFFREY LANGES | 875378 P | Community | LESIRWA | MALE | 58 | 071268630 | Sil |
| 7. | | | | 10 | | | ľ | |
| 8. | | | | | | | | |



CHEPSEON



DEPARTMENT OF WATER, ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: KIPKPLON CAUSTER: WARD CHEPSEON VENUE: ALC KAPKURGS

DATE: 40 -05-2023

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----|-------------|--|
| 1. | KIDKODIR DEMMIS | 3143451 | Youth | CHE PSEOH | MALE | 33 | 0128978115 | Oh- |
| 2. | Brenda cherotich | 39960004 | COMMUNITY | chersean | remale | 22 | 072.2347465 | 1595 |
| 3. | VIGOR LANGAT | 29114950 | Community | KAPIEGED | MALE | 31 | 0708597122 | √ |
| 4. | KIMJTAT PETER | 2946707 | COMMUNIT | KAPSEGER | MACE | 29 | 072923361 | o Buth |
| 5. | JOYCE CHEROTICH | 25254061 | WOMEH | KAPSEGER | FEMALE | 30 | 0726534424 | th. |
| 6. | DAVID K. LAMERT | 20883383 | 2W9 | CHESSEON | MACE | Ub | D712748458 | The state of the s |
| 7. | KENNETH. K. B. | 22765413 | COMMUNITY | CHEBIEN | M. | 43 | 0720443656 | Bill |
| 8. | Robint B11 | 28706916 | YOUTHS | CHEPSEON | M | 20 | 0714366311 | <u>M</u> . |





SUBCOUNTY: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty: Description of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty is a subcounty of the pera & ceap data collection at the ward level subcounty is a subcounty of the pera & ceap data collection at the pera & ceap dat

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------|------|------------|-------------|
| 1. | Trelius Bin | 3 121122 | Cummonity | TEBELDATH | male | 70 | 07/2804357 | 70 |
| 2. | NATHAN CHEQUITOT | 37162319 | Youth rep | KIBUGAT | M | 25 | 0702723148 |) |
| 3. | PRISCILA CHERUIZET | 6009097 | MYWO | TEBESONIK | F | 60 | 0722684693 | punj |
| 4. | Ngetich . W. KIPROTICH | 20178578 | 1 9 7 | TESSERONIK | M | 40 | 0729897891 | s uff |
| 5. | EMM RUENON | 20031710 | COMmunity | MBUSKT | F | 40 | 0720874504 | Four |
| 6. | 3.4 | 1 | - n - | Vacilicania | 1 | 11.3 | m71217-11 | 2000 |
| 9. | MUTH JOSPHAT | 2610.5310 | CBO | TEBESONIL | M | 34 | 072785288 | WILL |
| 10. | / | | Community | TEBESONIO | F | 38 | 070863369 | French |
| 11. | Beatrice (Samunla) | 244223(6 | Wardadmin | Tekenon.1c | F | 37 | 0700621791 | Bertuf |
| 12. | | | | | | | | |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: Boret Cluster: 3 WARD Chenosot VENUE: Loret ICT Centre
DATE: 10th May 2023

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | | | V | | | |
| 1. | Ber Julius Bij | 10886317 | Pait Based | Kabartagan | ma6 | 50 | P28708250 | ₹ |
| 2. | | 390521127 | 10 ISability | Getarwet | Male | 25 | 328 0742141 | AL |
| 3. | Massas Muit | 24280160 | Foresiry | CHRMOSOT | MALG | 36 | 0720150477 | MRS. |
| 4. | TITUS K. RETICH | 7482051 | ELDERLY. | KABARTEGAD | MALE | 61 | ©723260768 | 2 |
| 5. | | 30601125 | YouTH | GETARWET | MALC | 28 | 0799782327 | Eno. |
| 6. | MERCY CHEPKEMOI | 29714840 | WOMEN | KABKRTEGAN | FEMALE | - 3º | 0719656764 | atopheno |
| 7. | ** | 35815270 | TEA | GETARWET | FEMALE | 25 | 0740689400 | 型 |
| 8. | NETICH GILBERTSON | 25799330 | Community Rep | Kusumer | MALE | 36 | 0728046394 | Typher |
| 9. | AARON KOECH | 21874145 | MEN | CHEMISST | MALE | 42 | 0711908709 | Karoh. |
| 10. | RONALD KEGER | 25300636 | Bos | KUSUMER | \sim | 34 | 072556387 | De- |
| 11. | CAROLINE KIRUI | 23/84615 | W/ADMIN | CHEMOSOT WARD | F | 39 | 0724542003 | ab. |
| 12. | CHEPMUTETICH FLOSST | 30133 600 | COMMUNITY | KISINRA | F | 33 | 0722987864 | ceel |
| 13. | | | | | | | |) |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: Boreti CLUSTER: 3 WARD XISME VENUE: Coret ICT Contre

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|--------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| 1. | Langat to Marshall | 20159823 | pwd | Kisiava | М | 祭 | 0723230518 | Alamail . |
| 2. | LENUS K. KOECH | 28611969 | MOALSF | KISARA | M | 30 | 0718202395 | ليط ا |
| 3. | MERCY CHEPTUO | 39234197 | woman | kisiara | F | <i>2</i> 3 | 07148616279 | æ- , |
| 4. | WESLEY BETT | 11207210 | men | lusiara | m | 53 | 6717838833 | 884m222 |
| 5. | KIPKnech yegon | 39894297 | Youth | KISIARA | \sim | 23 | 0726590455 | -& |
| 6. | 17 | 33994667 | 27 | KISIARA | M | 28 | 0708580177 | * |
| 7. | VALENTING KIGEN | 36022167 | women | KISIARA | F | 25 | 076 9896534 | Suc |
| 8. | ROBERT (HEPKWONY | 37338491 | 400H | TUIWET | M | 28 | 07-11 913 454 | Also |
| 9. | John ngeny Richad K Chorry get | 9309146 | ELDER | TUMET | m | 5A | N 426/NB 13F | Etto . |
| 10 | Tillier Cherminal | | c.bo | TOLWET | M | 100 | 11720242259 | Et Day |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

DATE: ACK - SERETUT CHURCH CHERTORORIET

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | RATIMOND K. CHERUINOT | 3859440 | | Kipsow | MALE | 60 | 0722468311 | |
| 2. | | 40813079 | | KIPSOLU | MALE | 21 | 0721454045 | D4m8 |
| 3. | CARDLINE KOSKET | 24006217 | | SERETUI | FEMALE | 33 | 0713634420 | offen |
| 4. | REUBEN LOND | 10012153 | | SERETUT | MARE | 54 | 0748-0618 | Dantier |
| 5. | CHEPMEND ROSELIN | 208925 | 47 | SERETUS | FEMALE | 38 | 072616930 | o UK |
| 6. | SILAS KIPRUTO | 28158699 | CBO | KipsoLu | MALE | 32 | 07:320999 | |
| 7. | IRENE GARAKORIZ | 22615/26 | | KIRSOLU | Female | 38 | 0701286067 | Buist. |
| 8. | LAWRENCE K. MUTH | 29732675 | | SERETUT | MALE | 30 | 079065045 | 400 |
| 9. | _ | 24879963 | | Kipsoly | FEMALE | | 0723666172 | Code |
| 10. | 0 | 21678038 | | Mipsohu | REMORE | | 0723026008 | B=9. |
| 11. | | | | | | | | |





ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: RELCOUT CLUSTER: WARD KABIANCIA VENUE: ACK SERETUT CHURCH

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|------------------|----------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | Kipkerch Idirui | 23285487 | | Chebirbei Chenan | Male | 40 | 0723576716 | Judy |
| 2. | Mike cherryof | 25210235 | | Mohego | Nale | 20 | 0711330253 | - Aus |
| 3. | Fliescon K. Bic | 1443 9911 | | Mobego | Male | 46 | 0722739164 | BH2 |
| 4. | Rev JULIUS - K. KAMER | 20244245 | | molego | male | 48 | 0790586696 | Davis |
| 5. | Kipngelich Justus | | n e | Mobego | Mala | 25 | 072367126 | |
| 6. | Eddah chelamal | | | Mobogo | Female | 28 | 171978260 | F. |
| 7. | | 24152593 | | Mobego | Female | Ho | 0729518675 | ME. |
| 8. | Chepnasno Hellen | 22044570 | | Cheristei Chema | o female | 43 | 0758630114 | Heits. |
| 9. | Moses Port | | | ZARIMAD | MALS | | 07221176 | HA- |
| 10. | Mighuru 1 Frankling | _ | | BABLANCEA | MALE | 32 | 0711912730 | · Les |
| 11. | | | | | | | | |





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DEPARTMENT OF WATER, ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: CLUSTER: WARD CHAIL WARD VENUE: REHABILITATION CHOICE

DATE: 10 05 2023

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|-----------------------|----------|-----------|----------|--------|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Š. | | | | | | 8 HB |
| 1. | INSOPHINE BITAH ARNIE | 20853785 | Member | Chair. | F | 46 | 074522353 | Sado |
| 2. | | 27312989 | Member | Claik | F | 3s ⁻ | 0745739358 | € |
| 3. | 33, | 20475660 | Newber | Clair | М | 45 | 0721541475 | A |
| 4. | GROFFILEY CHEALWONY | 21949469 | RELIGION | CHAIL | M | 35 | 071091256 | aut |
| 5. | JUDY MGETICH | 22854099 | Community | chark | F | 38 | 0705707301 | Juj |
| 6. | Bolifu Maretim | 22826164 | Member | chair | = | 43 | 0727480296 | do |
| 7. | Isaac Kipiotich | 344(138) | Member | Chark | M | 26 | 0714252671 | tol |
| 8. | | | | | | | | |





SUBCOUNTY: AINAMOL CLUSTER: WARD KIPCHEBOR VENUE: Reliabilitation.

DATE: 10/05/2023

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|---------------|--------------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | MERCH ROND | 20576278 | WOMEN | KIPCH GOOR | F | 47 | 0712432840 | aw |
| 2. | DAOL K BIEGON | 13069493 | DWB | -17 | M | 49 | 0725244125 | PRIK |
| 3. | DUTTO VINCEM | 84411401 | THUMMITT | 11 | M | 30 | 0718500660 | 2 |
| 4. | ALEX KIPROND ROTICH | | | <i>J</i> - t | M | 27 | 0994151353 | Aus |
| 5. | FRIGHEL BETT | 24597720 | | 1) | m | 39 | 072739743 | Myas |
| 6. | Majoriet Moor | 到734769 | Religion | 1) | 艳 | 42 | O795353333 | MON |
| 7. | Edwit K (inner) | 21966915 | Community | 10 | M | 43 | 672216598 | 18m |
| 8. | ABJULICARLEM OMER HASSER | 23477774 | MMR GIHALIZED | 1, | * M | 38 | 072360577 | AVA |
| | (). | 13807/12 | | KipcHEBOR | M | 48 | 6712 5569B | 7 1400 |
| 10. | • | | | - I | | | | |
| 11. | | | | | | | | |





Day 2

ATTENDANCE SHEET FOR THE PCRA & CCAP DATA COLLECTION AT THE WARD LEVEL

SUBCOUNTY: AINAMO! CLUSTER: WARD KAP KUGERWET VENUE: REHABILITATION GOTTLE

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----|------------|-----------|
| 1. | MARGARET CJuma | 1324940 | TEAFALMER | TOWNSHIP. | F | 66 | 0722 98130 | Dhune |
| 2. | CHARLES OHERWONY | | | TOWNSHIP | M | 42 | 0720692732 | All. |
| 3. | BOBERT KOGO | | TEA PARM | TOWNSHIP | M | 42 | 672734521 | 3 Chuyo |
| 4. | NICHOLAS TEGON | | | Towasunp | M | 48 | 0726738913 | MASS |
| 5. | QUGUTK. BEKAR | | 1 F.B.O | TOWNSHIP | M | 48 | D7236334 | 98 Hang |
| 6. | HOSEN KAKAN SENT | 26074476 | you TH | TOUNSHIP | m | 34 | 0700632919 | HAD. |
| 7. | 1.1 | 31034436 | C.80 | Township | M | - | 0745722600 | Bompan |
| 8. | JANE CHEROTICH | 21435693 | WMEN | TOWNSHIP | F | 44 | 072706870 | 1 tht |



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DEPARTMENT OF WATER, ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

| S/NO | Name | ID No | CATEGORY | LOCATION | GENDER | AGE | Contact | Signature |
|------|--------------------|----------|-----------|----------|--------|-----|--------------|-----------|
| 1. | Benson & Cheoutel | 30560492 | Daisa | Kapsaes | M | 31 | 0722292266 | UD0 |
| 2. | Shadrack Heind | 11430650 | Community | Kapsass | M | 50 | 0728994935 | 14000 |
| 3. | SAHA CIKMYNI | 23398312 | COFFEE | KAPS MOS | M | 38 | 0727 163 112 | 内かと |
| 4. | JOHN-K-LANGAT | 6024322 | Dairy. | KMPS+105 | M | 67 | 072146861 | S JOE |
| 5. | Tou Pascalino | 13665191 | Tea | KAPSAOS | F | 33 | 07105433 | - |
| 6. | ANNE LECH | 6282453 | COmmunity | KADSAOS | F | රව | 0722 750694 | - Du |
| 7. | PAMELA CHELANGAT | 28985754 | WOMEN | LAPSASS | F | 35 | 0714134193 | 10 |
| 8. | Tegon Wesley | 25094034 | CBO | KARSASS | M | 35 | 072373186 | 7 20/40/ |
| у. | Rev. ANDREW K. TUN | 6607556 | PBD | KAPSADS | M | 60 | 1728340097 | Ahad |
| 10. | Tacken L Mutai | 2100603 | Must | Kapsinos | М | 29 | 72366702 | 20 |

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Kericho County Technical Working Group (TWG) training for Climate Change Action Plan held on 27^{th} January 2023



Consultative meeting on Climate Change Action for the Kericho County Assembly



COUNTY GOVERNMENT OF KERICHO

KERICHO COUNTY CLIMATE CHANGE ACTION PLAN (KCCAP) 2023-2027

P.O. BOX 112-20200 KERICHO EMAIL: info@kericho.go.ke